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SUBJECT
Legislation – 2015 Session

REFERENCE
June 2014 The Board approved legislative ideas to be submitted through the Governor’s Executive Agency Legislation process for the 2015 Session.

BACKGROUND/ DISCUSSION
The Board approved legislative ideas and authorized the Executive Director to submit additional ideas as necessary to the Governor's office through the Division of Financial Management at the June 2013 Board meeting. Each of the attached pieces of legislation have been submitted as legislative ideas and approved to move forward through the process by the Governor’s Office.

The Board initially approved ten (10) Legislative Ideas, with one being a place holder for additional legislation that may be needed for recommendations of the Education Improvement subcommittees. Of those ten (10), Board staff have determined that the one regarding residency for tuition purposes could not be ready to move forward this year due to additional fiscal concerns raised by the institutions that will need additional follow-up. Further, this idea, while necessary is not of a time sensitive nature and could be tabled until next year.

1. Nursing Education Program Approval
Statement of Purpose
Amend language in section 54-1406, Idaho Code removing the requirement that the Board must approve any curriculum change in a nursing program (private or public) that may alter existing articulation agreements between educational institutions. The Board would continue to approve program changes at the public institution as specified in Board policy but would not be involved in approval of specific curriculum changes. Those changes would be handled within the articulation agreements.

2. Charter School Financial Support
Statement of Purpose
Idaho Code, 33-5208(8) provides that: "Each public charter school shall pay an authorizer fee to its authorized chartering entity, to defray the actual documented cost of monitoring, evaluation and oversight, which, in the case of public charter schools authorized by the public charter school commission, shall include each school's proportional fee share of all moneys appropriated to the public charter school commission, plus fifteen percent (15%)" [emphasis added]. This past Session there was legislative interest in appropriating General Funds to supplement the Public Charter School Commission's (PCSC) FY 2015 budget. However, since the authorizer fee is calculated off of "all moneys appropriated," an additional appropriation of General Funds would have also resulted in an increase in the authorizer fee the following year. The proposed legislation would
amend the authorizer fee formula to include only those funds appropriated from the Public Charter School Authorizers fund rather than all appropriated moneys.

The proposed amendment would also change the authorizer fee payment deadline from February 15 to March 15. Data needed to calculate the fee are not typically available from the State Department of Education in time to invoice the schools and receive payment by February 15.

3. Transfer of Surplus Property
   Statement of Purpose
   Amend language in section 58-335, Idaho Code to include property owned by the State Board of Education to list of exempt property. This would clarify that the Board would not have to go through the Land Board process when disposing of surplus property. Section 33-107, Idaho Code already gives the Board the authority to “acquire, hold and dispose of title, rights and interests in real and personal property.” Currently the two sections of code are in conflict. The Land Board does not object to the clarification.

4. Risk Management – Opt Out
   Statement of Purpose
   In 2014 the State Board of Education proposed legislation that would allow the four year institutions to opt-out of state administrative services. While the bill did not pass as a total package, there was some support for a few of the individual components of the bill. This proposal would use allow the four year institutions to opt-out of using the states risk management services. The institutions would have to bring a proposal forward to the Board requesting permission to opt-out and show the savings and efficiencies that the change would realize prior to the Board giving them permission to opt-out of risk management. The proposal would require 18 month notice to the Department of Administration prior to any institution opting out of risk management.

5. Income Tax Credit for Charitable Contributions – Remove Sunset
   Statement of Purpose
   HB630 (2010) amended section 63-3029A, Idaho code temporarily increasing the existing income tax credit for donations to certain organization, including the state educational agencies and institutions under the oversight of the State Board of Education. Those increases sunset January 1, 2016. The proposed amendment will remove the sunset. The current language allows for the tax credit to equal 50% of the aggregate amount of charitable contributions, up to 50% of the taxpayer's total Idaho income tax liability and a maximum annual amount of $500 ($1,000 on a jointly-filed return). Should the 2010 changes sunset the credit would remain equal to 50% of the contribution, but would be limited to 20% of the taxpayer's total Idaho income tax liability and the maximum annual amount of the credit would decrease to $100 ($200 on a jointly-filed return). For a corporate taxpayer the amount is limited to 10% of the corporation's total Idaho income tax liability and the maximum annual credit would remain $5,000, rather than the original $1,000 limit.
An additional change would amend subsection (2)(c) correcting the reference to "accreditation by the state board of education" as the Board does not accredit institutions.

**Governor’s Task Force Recommendations**

6. **Foundation Program – State Aid – Certificated Staff Apportionment**

**Statement of Purpose**

Amendments would be made to the education support program in Title 33, Chapter 10 to establish a funding model for school districts for certificated staff that would be variable based on a three tiered system.

7. **Continuous Improvement Planning**

**Statement of Purpose**

Amendments to Section 33-320, Idaho Code, adding clarifying language and additional emphasis on the continuous improvement aspects of the required planning rather than a traditional strategic planning process.

8. **Transition of School Trustee Terms from Three Years to Four**

This section of code was identified as part of the committee’s review of education related statutes that could be removed.

**Statement of Purpose**

The proposed amendment would repeal, section 33-503A, Idaho Code. This section of code laid out the time lines for public school Boards of Trustees to transition from three year terms to four year terms. The final dates specified in the legislation, July 1, 2013, have passed, thereby, making the legislation unnecessary.

9. **Advanced Opportunities**

This piece of legislation consolidates the approved Legislative Idea regarding the 8 in 6 program with the recommendation from the subcommittee regarding the Advanced Opportunities programs currently in statute, including the 8 in 6 Program.

**Statement of Purpose**

Proposed amendments would consolidate the separate sections of code pertaining to advanced opportunities for secondary students into a single chapter. Additional changes would streamline processes, use consistent language, and remove sections that may be redundant due to the consolidation, clarify that students attending Bureau of Indian Education Schools (BIE) in Idaho may participate in the 8 in 6 program, and remove the 10% cap on the 8 in 6 program. Amend language in section 33-1628, Idaho Code to clarify that students attending Bureau of Indian Education (BIE) schools in Idaho may participate in the 8 in 6 Program as long as all other eligibility requirements are met. Currently the (BIE) oversees two schools in Idaho, the Shoshone-Bannock Jr./Sr. High School and the Coeur d’ Alene Tribal School.
ATTACHMENT
Attachment 1 – Nursing Education Program Approval Page 5
Attachment 2 – Charter School Financial Support Page 6
Attachment 3 – Transfer of Surplus Property Page 10
Attachment 4 – Risk Management – Opt Out Page 11
Attachment 5 – Income Tax Credit for Charitable Contributions Page 14
Attachment 6 – Foundation Program – State Aid-Certificated Staff Apportionment Page 16
Attachment 7 – Continuous Improvement Planning Page 33
Attachment 8 – Transition of School Trustee Terms from Three Years to Four Years Page 34
Attachment 9 – Advanced Opportunities Page 35

IMPACT
Any legislation not approved by the Board will be withdrawn from the Governor’s legislative process. The Board office will continue to work with the Governor’s Office, the Division of Financial Management and Legislative Services Offices (LSO) to finalize approve legislation prior to the start of the legislative session.

STAFF COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS
Additional changes to legislation may be necessary as Board staff works with the various governmental entities prior to finalizing and submitting to the legislature.

Staff recommends approval.

BOARD ACTION
I move to approve the proposed legislation in substantial conformance to the form submitted as attachments 1-9 and to authorize the Executive Director to make additional changes as necessary as the legislation moves forward through the Governor’s legislative process.

Moved by __________ Seconded by __________ Carried Yes _____ No ______

(a) Qualifications. Persons and institutions desiring to offer or conduct approved nursing education programs in the state of Idaho shall comply herewith. Approval shall be conditioned upon and subject to continuing compliance with standards adopted by the board respecting faculty, staff, curriculum, administration, financial stability and other matters affecting the quality of nursing education. However, any curriculum or rule change considered by the board which may alter existing articulation agreements between educational institutions, or existing nursing programs of the eleven (11) month LPN, the two (2) year associate degree/RN, or the four (4) year baccalaureate degree must be approved by the state board of education prior to implementation.

(b) Initial compliance. Upon receipt of an application hereunder, a survey of the program, including clinical facilities and affiliated institutions, shall be made under the direction of the executive director and a written report of the findings shall be submitted to the board. If the board determines that the standards have been met, it shall issue a certificate of approval.

(c) Continuing compliance. To insure the continuing compliance with adopted standards, all approved nursing education programs shall be surveyed and reviewed periodically under the direction of the executive director. Written reports of the findings shall be submitted to the board. In the event any program fails to maintain compliance required by this section, the board may withdraw its prior certification, or impose such conditions and restrictions as may secure compliance within a reasonable period of time by notification in writing and specifying the reasons for the action. Action against any existing program must be based upon fact and subject to appeal as provided for administrative action pursuant to chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code.
33-5208. PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOL FINANCIAL SUPPORT. Except as provided in subsection (10) of this section, from the state educational support program the state department of education shall make the following apportionment to each public charter school for each fiscal year based on attendance figures submitted in a manner and time as required by the department of education:

(1) Per student support. Computation of support units for each public charter school shall be calculated as if it were a separate school according to the schedules in section 33-1002(4), Idaho Code, except that public charter schools with fewer than one hundred (100) secondary ADA shall use a divisor of twelve (12) and the minimum units shall not apply, and no public charter school shall receive an increase in support units that exceeds the support units it received in the prior year by more than thirty (30). Funding from the state educational support program shall be equal to the total distribution factor, plus the salary-based apportionment provided in chapter 10, title 33, Idaho Code. Provided however, any public charter school that is formed by the conversion of an existing traditional public school shall be assigned divisors, pursuant to section 33-1002, Idaho Code, that are no lower than the divisors of the school district in which the traditional public school is located, for each category of pupils listed.

(2) Special education. For each student enrolled in the public charter school who is entitled to special education services, the state and federal funds from the exceptional child education program for that student that would have been apportioned for that student to the school district in which the public charter school is located.

(3) Alternative school support. Public charter schools may qualify under the provisions of sections 33-1002 and 33-1002C, Idaho Code, provided the public charter school meets the necessary statutory requirements, and students qualify for attendance at an alternative school as provided by rule of the state board of education.

(4) Transportation support. Support shall be paid to the public charter school as provided in chapter 15, title 33, Idaho Code, and section 33-1006, Idaho Code. Each public charter school shall furnish the department with an enrollment count as of the first Friday in November, of public charter school students who are eligible for reimbursement of transportation costs under the provisions of this subsection and who reside more than one and one-half (1 1/2) miles from the school. The state department of education is authorized to include in the annual appropriation to the charter school sixty percent (60%) of the estimated transportation cost. The final appropriation payment in July shall reflect reimbursements of actual costs pursuant to section 33-1006, Idaho Code. To be eligible for state reimbursement under the provisions of section 33-1006, Idaho Code, the student to be transported must reside within the public charter school's primary attendance area, and must meet at least one (1) of the following two (2) criteria:

(a) The student resides within the school district in which the public charter school is physically located; or
(b) The student resides within fifteen (15) miles of the public charter school, by road.

The limitations placed by this subsection on the reimbursement of transportation costs for certain students shall not apply to public virtual schools.

(5) Facilities funds. The state department of education shall distribute facilities funds to public charter schools for each enrolled student in which a majority of the student's instruction is received at a facility that is owned or leased by the public charter school. Such funds shall be used to defray the purchase, fee, loan or lease costs associated with payments for real property used by the students or employees of the public charter school for educational or administrative purposes. Such funds shall be distributed from the moneys appropriated to the educational support program, and shall be calculated as a percentage of the statewide average amount of bond and plant facility funds levied per student by Idaho school districts, as follows:

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<th>Fiscal Year</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>Twenty Percent (20%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>Thirty Percent (30%)</td>
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For fiscal year 2016 and each fiscal year thereafter, this percentage shall increase by ten percent (10%) each time the total appropriation of state funds for the educational support program increases by three percent (3%) or more over the prior fiscal year, and shall decrease by ten percent (10%) each time the total appropriation of state funds for the educational support program decreases as compared to the prior fiscal year. Provided however, that the percentage shall be no less than twenty percent (20%) and no greater than fifty percent (50%), and that the average amount of funding received per public charter school shall not exceed the average amount of funding received by each school district pursuant to the provisions of section 33-906, Idaho Code.

For those public charter schools that do not receive facilities funds for all enrolled students, the school may submit to the state department of education a reimbursement claim for any costs for which facilities funds may be used. The state department of education shall reduce such claim by the greater of fifty percent (50%) or the percentage of the school's enrolled students for which the school receives facilities funds, and shall pay the balance. Provided however, that the total reimbursements paid to a public charter school, in combination with any facilities stipend received by the school, shall not exceed the amount of facilities funds that would have been received by the school had the school received facilities funds for all enrolled students. For the purposes of this subsection, the term "real property" shall be used as defined in section 63-201, Idaho Code.

(6) Payment schedule. The state department of education is authorized to make an advance payment of twenty-five percent (25%) of a public charter school's estimated annual apportionment for its first year of operation, and each year thereafter, provided the public charter school is serving more grades or at least ten percent (10%) more classes than the previous year, to assist the school with initial start-up costs or payroll obligations. For a public charter school entering its second or greater year of operations, the state department of education may require documentation establishing the need for such an advance payment, including comparative class schedules and proof of a commensurate increase in the number of employees.

(a) For a public charter school to receive the advance payment, the school shall submit its anticipated fall membership for each grade level to the state department of education by June 1.
(b) Using the figures provided by the public charter school, the state department of education shall determine an estimated annual apportionment from which the amount of the advance payment shall be calculated. Advance payment shall be made to the school on or after July 1 but no later than July 31.

(c) All subsequent payments, taking into account the one-time advance payment made for the first year of operation, shall be made to the public charter school in the same manner as other traditional public schools in accordance with the provisions of section 33-1009, Idaho Code.

A public charter school shall comply with all applicable fiscal requirements of law, except that the following provisions shall not be applicable to public charter schools: that portion of section 33-1004, Idaho Code, relating to reduction of the administrative and instructional staff allowance when there is a discrepancy between the number allowed and the number actually employed; and section 33-1004E, Idaho Code, for calculation of district staff indices.

(7) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit any private person or organization from providing funding or other financial assistance to the establishment or operation of a public charter school.

(8) Each public charter school shall pay an authorizer fee to its authorized chartering entity, to defray the actual documented cost of monitoring, evaluation and oversight, which, in the case of public charter schools authorized by the public charter school commission, shall include each school’s proportional fee share of all moneys appropriated from the Public Charter School Authorizers fund to the public charter school commission, plus fifteen percent (15%). Provided however, that each public charter school's board of directors may direct up to ten percent (10%) of the calculated fee to pay membership fees to an organization or association that provides technical assistance, training and advocacy for Idaho public charter schools. Unless the authorized chartering entity declines payment, such fee shall be paid by February-March 15 of each fiscal year and shall not exceed the greater of:

(a) All state funds distributed to public schools on a support unit basis for the prior fiscal year, divided by the statewide number of public school students in average daily attendance in the first reporting period in the prior fiscal year; or

(b) The lesser of:

(i) The result of the calculation in subsection (8)(a) of this section, multiplied by four (4); or

(ii) One and one-half percent (1.5%) of the result of the calculation in subsection (8)(a) of this section, multiplied by the public charter school's average daily attendance in the first reporting period in the current fiscal year.

(9) Nothing in this chapter shall prevent a public charter school from applying for federal grant moneys.

(10) (a) Each student in attendance at a public virtual school shall be funded based upon either the actual hours of attendance in the public virtual school on a flexible schedule, or the percentage of coursework completed, whichever is more advantageous to the school, up to the maximum of one (1) full-time equivalent student.

(b) All federal educational funds shall be administered and distributed to public charter schools, including public virtual schools, that have been designated as a local education agency (LEA), as provided in section 33-5203(7), Idaho Code.
(11) Nothing in this section prohibits separate face-to-face learning activities or services.

(12) The provisions of section 33-1021, Idaho Code, shall apply to public charter schools provided for in this chapter.
58-335. Lands exempt from act. This act shall not be construed as applying to any lands or properties acquired under the act of congress, known as the Idaho Admission Act, or in the subsequent operations of the various endowment funds of the state. Nor shall this act apply to any lands or properties in the custody of the state board of education and board of regents of the University of Idaho in its corporate capacity: provided, however, that the state board of education and the board of regents, desiring to avail itself of the facilities of this act, for the sale, exchange or transfer of any such properties, may proceed to negotiate a sale, transfer or exchange with the state board of land commissioners as would any other tax-supported agency. If the state board of education and board of regents of the University of Idaho does not avail itself of the facilities of this act, the state board of education and board of regents shall use a process for disposal of real property that includes, at a minimum, a required appraisal and public notice of the proposed real property disposal prior to disposal; and for property disposals that are not part of an exchange or transfer, consideration given to granting a first option to purchase to local, state and federal governmental entities.
RISK MANAGEMENT OPT OUT

6-902. Definitions. As used in this act:

(1) "State" means the state of Idaho or any office, department, agency, authority, commission, board, institution, hospital, college, university or other instrumentality thereof.

(2) "Political subdivision" means any county, city, municipal corporation, health district, school district, irrigation district, an operating agent of irrigation districts whose board consists of directors of its member districts, special improvement or taxing district, or any other political subdivision or public corporation. As used in this act, the terms "county" and "city" also mean state licensed hospitals and attached nursing homes established by counties pursuant to chapter 36, title 31, Idaho Code, or jointly by cities and counties pursuant to chapter 37, title 31, Idaho Code.

(3) "Governmental entity" means and includes the state and political subdivisions as herein defined.

(4) "Employee" means an officer, board member, commissioner, executive, employee, or servant of a governmental entity, including elected or appointed officials, and persons acting on behalf of the governmental entity in any official capacity, temporarily or permanently in the service of the governmental entity, whether with or without compensation, but the term employee shall not mean a person or other legal entity while acting in the capacity of an independent contractor under contract to the governmental entity to which this act applies in the event of a claim.

(5) "Bodily injury" means any bodily injury, sickness, disease or death sustained by any person and caused by an occurrence.

(6) "Property damage" means injury or destruction to tangible property caused by an occurrence.

(7) "Claim" means any written demand to recover money damages from a governmental entity or its employee which any person is legally entitled to recover under this act as compensation for the negligent or otherwise wrongful act or omission of a governmental entity or its employee when acting within the course or scope of his employment.

(8) "State public institution of higher education" means the university of Idaho, Boise state university, Idaho state university, and Lewis-Clark state college.

6-919. Liability insurance for state -- Comprehensive plan by division of insurance management. The administrator of the division of insurance management in the department of administration shall provide a comprehensive liability plan which will cover and protect the state and its employees from claims and civil lawsuits. He shall be responsible for the acquisition and administration of all liability insurance of the state or for the use of the retained risk account provided in section 67-5776, Idaho Code, to meet the obligations of the comprehensive liability plan.

The administrator shall, after consultation with the departments, agencies, commissions, and other instrumentalities of the state, provide a comprehensive liability plan for the state providing liability coverage to the state and its employees in amounts not less than the minimum specified in section 6-924, Idaho Code. He shall have the authority to use the retained risk account provided in section 67-5776, Idaho Code, or to
purchase, renew, cancel and modify all policies according to the comprehensive liability plan.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, upon approval of the state board of education; provided however, that following approval, said institution shall provide eighteen (18) months’ prior written notice to the administrator and the withdrawal shall commence on the first day of the next fiscal year following the notification period or a date mutually agreed upon by the institution and the agency, a state public institution of higher education, as defined in section 6-902(4), Idaho Code, may withdraw from services provided for in this section. Liability insurance purchased shall be in an amount not less than the minimum specified in section 6-924, Idaho Code. A state public institution of higher education may again participate in said services following withdrawal under mutually agreed upon terms with the administrator of the division of insurance management in the department of administration.

6-920. Liability insurance for state procured by division of insurance management. Except as otherwise provided by law, no state agency or institution other than the administrator of the division of insurance management in the department of administration may procure liability insurance under this act. All state agencies and institutions shall comply with this act and the comprehensive liability plan developed by the administrator of the division.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, upon approval of the state board of education; provided however, that following approval, said institution shall provide eighteen (18) months’ prior written notice to the administrator and the withdrawal shall commence on the first day of the next fiscal year following the notification period or a date mutually agreed upon by the institution and the agency, a state public institution of higher education, as defined in section 6-902(4), Idaho Code, may purchase liability insurance as provided for in this section. A state public institution of higher education may again participate in said services following withdrawal under mutually agreed upon terms with the administrator of the division.

67-5773. Powers and duties -- Risk management. (1) The director of the department of administration shall:
(a) Determine the nature and extent of needs for insurance coverages of all kinds, other than life and disability insurances, as to risks and property of all offices, departments, divisions, boards, commissions, institutions, agencies and operations of the government of the state of Idaho, the premiums on which are payable in whole or in part from funds of the state.
(b) Determine the character, terms, and amounts of insurance coverages required by such needs.
(c) Within funds available therefor from each respective office, department, division, board, commission, institution, agency or operation with respect to coverage to be provided to it, negotiate for, procure, purchase, and have placed or continued in effect all such insurance coverages and services as may reasonably be obtainable, whether from insurers or brokers duly authorized to transact business in this state.
(d) Administer all such coverages on behalf of the insured, including making and settlement of loss claims arising thereunder. The director, with the advice of the attorney general, may cause suit to be brought with respect to any such coverage or loss.

(e) Within available funds and personnel, make periodic inspection or appraisal of premises, property and risks as to conditions affecting insurability, risk, and premium rate, and submit a written report of each such inspection or appraisal together with recommendations, if any, to the officer, department, or agency in direct charge of such premises, property or risks.

(f) Perform such other duties and exercise such other powers as are provided by law.

(g) Establish a risk management advisory committee. The director shall consult with the advisory committee in the performance of those duties enumerated above.

(2) As to all such needs and coverages, the director shall give due consideration to information furnished by and recommendations of any office, department, division, board, commission, institution or agency.

(3) Provided however, nothing contained in this section shall preclude the state educational institutions from using services as provided for in this section.
63-3029A. Income tax credit for charitable contributions -- Limitation. [effective until January 1, 2016] At the election of the taxpayer, there shall be allowed, subject to the applicable limitations provided herein, as a credit against the income tax imposed by chapter 30, title 63, Idaho Code, an amount equal to fifty percent (50%) of the aggregate amount of charitable contributions made by such taxpayer during the year to a nonprofit corporation, fund, foundation, trust, or association organized and operated exclusively for the benefit of institutions of higher learning located within the state of Idaho, including a university related research park, to nonprofit private or public institutions of elementary, secondary, or higher education or their foundations located within the state of Idaho, to a nonprofit corporation, fund, foundation, trust or association which is: (i) organized and operated exclusively for the benefit of elementary or secondary education institutions located within the state of Idaho; (ii) officially recognized and designated as any such elementary or secondary education institution’s sole designated supporting organization; and (iii) qualified to be exempt from federal taxation under the terms of section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, to Idaho education public broadcast system foundations within the state of Idaho, to the Idaho state historical society or its foundation, to the council for the deaf and hard of hearing, to the developmental disabilities council, to the commission for the blind and visually impaired, to the commission on Hispanic affairs, to the state independent living council, to the Idaho commission for libraries and to public libraries or their foundations and library districts or their foundations located within the state of Idaho, to nonprofit public or private museums or their foundations located within the state of Idaho and to dedicated accounts with the Idaho community foundation inc. that exclusively support the charitable purposes otherwise qualifying for the tax credit authorized under the provisions of this section.

(1) In the case of a taxpayer other than a corporation, the amount allowable as a credit under this section for any taxable year shall not exceed fifty percent (50%) of such taxpayer's total income tax liability imposed by section 63-3024, Idaho Code, for the year, or five hundred dollars ($500), whichever is less.

(2) In the case of a corporation, the amount allowable as a credit under this section for any taxable year shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of such corporation's total income or franchise tax liability imposed by sections 63-3025 and 63-3025A, Idaho Code, for the year, or five thousand dollars ($5,000), whichever is less.

For the purposes of this section, "contribution" means monetary donations reduced by the value of any benefit received in return such as food, entertainment or merchandise.

For the purposes of this section, "institution of higher learning" means only an educational institution located within this state meeting all of the following requirements:

(a) It maintains a regular faculty and curriculum and has a regularly enrolled body of students in attendance at the place where its educational activities are carried on.

(b) It regularly offers education above the twelfth grade.
(c) It is accredited by the northwest association of schools and commission on colleges and universities, or an accreditor approved by the state board of education.

For the purposes of this section, a nonprofit institution of secondary or higher education means a private nonprofit secondary or higher educational institution located within the state of Idaho, which is accredited by the northwest association of schools and commission on colleges and universities, or an accreditor approved by the state board of education. A nonprofit private institution of elementary education means a private nonprofit elementary educational institution located within the state of Idaho and approved by the state board of education.
33-1001. Definitions. The following words and phrases used in this chapter are defined as follows:

(1) "Administrative schools" means and applies to all elementary schools and kindergartens within a district that are situated ten (10) miles or less from both the other elementary schools and the principal administrative office of the district and all secondary schools within a district that are situated fifteen (15) miles or less from other secondary schools of the district.

(2) "Average daily attendance" or "pupils in average daily attendance" means the aggregate number of days enrolled students are present, divided by the number of days of school in the reporting period; provided, however, that students for whom no Idaho school district is a home district shall not be considered in such computation.

(3) "Elementary grades" or "elementary average daily attendance" means and applies to students enrolled in grades one (1) through six (6) inclusive, or any combination thereof.

(4) "Elementary schools" are schools that serve grades one (1) through six (6) inclusive, or any combination thereof.

(5) "Elementary/secondary schools" are schools that serve grades one (1) through twelve (12) inclusive, or any combination thereof.

(6) "Homebound student" means any student who would normally and regularly attend school, but is confined to home or hospital because of an illness or accident for a period of ten (10) or more consecutive days.

(7) “Instructional Staff” are staff that are involved in the direct instruction of a student or group of students and hold a residency certificate, professional certificate or professional master certificate as defined in Idaho administrative rule.

(8) "Kindergarten" or "kindergarten average daily attendance" means and applies to all students enrolled in a school year, less than school year, or summer kindergarten program.

(9) "Public school district" or "school district" or "district" means any public school district organized under the laws of this state, including specially chartered school districts.

(10) "Pupil Service Staff" are staff that provide services to students and are not involved in direct instruction of those services, including but not limited to individuals holding a Pupil Personnel Services Certificate.

(11) "Secondary grades" or "secondary average daily attendance" means and applies to students enrolled in grades seven (7) through twelve (12) inclusive, or any combination thereof.

(12) "Secondary schools" are schools that serve grades seven (7) through twelve (12) inclusive, or any combination thereof.

(13) "Separate elementary school" means an elementary school which measured from itself, traveling on an all-weather road, is situated more than ten (10) miles distance from both the nearest elementary school and elementary/secondary school serving like grades within the same school district and from the location of the
office of the superintendent of schools of such district, or from the office of the chief administrative officer of such district if the district employs no superintendent of schools.  

(12) "Separate kindergarten" means a kindergarten which measured from itself, traveling on an all-weather road, is situated more than ten (10) miles distance from both the nearest kindergarten school within the same school district and from the location of the office of the superintendent of schools of such district, or from the office of the chief administrative officer of such district if the district employs no superintendent of schools.  

(13) "Separate secondary school" means any secondary school which is located more than fifteen (15) miles by an all-weather road from any other secondary school and elementary/secondary school serving like grades operated by the district.  

(14) "Support program" means the educational support program as described in section 33-1002, Idaho Code, the transportation support program described in section 33-1006, Idaho Code, and the exceptional education support program as provided in section 33-1007, Idaho Code.  

(15) "Support unit" means a function of average daily attendance used in the calculations to determine financial support provided the public school districts.  

(16) "Teacher" means any person employed in a teaching, instructional, supervisory, educational administrative or educational and scientific capacity in any school district. In case of doubt the state board of education shall determine whether any person employed requires certification as a teacher.  

33-1004. Staff allowance. For each school district, a staff allowance shall be determined as follows:  

(1) Using the daily attendance reports that have been submitted for computing the February 15 apportionment of state funds as provided in section 33-1009, Idaho Code, determine the total support units for the district in the manner provided in section 33-1002(6)(a), Idaho Code;  

(2) Determine the instructional staff allowance by multiplying the support units by 1.10. A district must demonstrate that it actually employs the number of certificated instructional staff allowed, except as provided in subsection (5)(f) and (g) of this section. If the district does not employ the number allowed, the staff allowance shall be reduced to the actual number employed, except as provided in subsection (5)(f) and (g) of this section;  

(3) Determine the pupil service staff allowance by multiplying the support units by 0.1;  

(34) Determine the administrative staff allowance by multiplying the support units by .075;  

(45) Determine the classified staff allowance by multiplying the support units by .375;  

(56) Additional conditions governing staff allowance:  

(a) In determining the number of staff in subsections (2), (3) and (4) of this section, a district may contract separately for services to be rendered by nondistrict employees and such employees may be counted in the staff allowance. A "nondistrict employee" means a person for whom the school district does not pay the employer's obligations for employee benefits. When a district contracts for the services of a
(b) If there are circumstances preventing eligible use of staff allowance to which a district is entitled as provided in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, an appeal may be filed with the state department of education outlining the reasons and proposed alternative use of these funds, and a waiver may be granted.

(c) For any district with less than forty (40) support units:
   (i) The instructional staff allowance shall be calculated applying the actual number of support units. If the actual instructional staff employed in the school year is greater than the instructional staff allowance, then the instructional staff allowance shall be increased by one-half (1/2) staff allowance; and
   (ii) The administrative staff allowance shall be calculated applying the actual number of support units. If the actual administrative staff employed in the school year is greater than the administrative staff allowance, then the administrative staff allowance shall be increased by one-half (1/2) staff allowance.
   (iii) Additionally, for any district with less than twenty (20) support units, the instructional staff allowance shall be calculated applying the actual number of support units. If the number of instructional staff employed in the school year is greater than the instructional staff allowance, the staff allowance shall be increased as provided in subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of this paragraph, and by an additional one-half (1/2) instructional staff allowance.

(d) For any school district with one (1) or more separate secondary schools serving grades nine (9) through twelve (12), the instructional staff allowance shall be increased by two (2) additional instructional staff allowances for each such separate secondary school.

(e) Only instructional, pupil service, administrative and classified personnel compensated by the school district from the general maintenance and operation fund of the district shall be included in the calculation of staff allowance or in any other calculations based upon staff, including determination of the experience and education multiplier, the reporting requirements, or the district's salary-based apportionment calculation. No food service staff or transportation staff shall be included in the staff allowance.

(f) A district may utilize up to fifteen percent (15%) of the moneys associated with positions funded pursuant to subsection (2) of this section to pay another school district or public charter school for instructional services or to defray the cost of providing virtual education coursework, including virtual dual credit coursework, without a reduction in the number of funded positions being imposed.

(g) A district may employ nine and one-half percent (9.5%) fewer positions than funded pursuant to subsection (2) and (3) of this section, without a reduction in the number of funded positions being imposed. Beginning in fiscal year 2016, this figure shall be reduced by one percent (1%) each year for each school district in which the average class size, as determined from prior fiscal year data reported to the state department of education, was at least one (1) student greater than the statewide average class size. The state department of education shall report to the legislature every February, beginning in 2015, on the reductions scheduled to take place in this figure, by school district, in the ensuing fiscal year.
(6) In the event that the staff allowance in any category is insufficient to meet accreditation standards, a district may appeal to the state board of education, demonstrating the insufficiency, and the state board may grant a waiver authorizing sufficient additional staff to be included within the staff allowance to meet accreditation standards. Such a waiver shall be limited to one (1) year, but may be renewed upon showing of continuing justification.

(7) A district may utilize a portion of the instructional staff allowance provided for in this section for kindergarten teachers to visit the parents or guardians of students during the first week of the kindergarten school year. Such visits may take place at school, at the student’s home or at another location agreed to by the teacher and parents or guardians. The purpose of such visits is to help strengthen the working relationship between the teacher, the parents or guardians, and the student. The visits should be used as an opportunity to help establish the teacher’s expectations of the student. The visit should also provide an opportunity for the parents or guardians to explain their expectations. The amount of moneys to be expended for such visits by the district may not exceed the amount equal to one (1) week of instructional staff allowance computed for kindergarten instructors in the district.

33-1004A. Experience and education multiplier. Each instructional pupil service and administrative staff position shall be assigned an appropriate multiplier based upon the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EXPERIENCE AND EDUCATION</th>
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</thead>
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<td>Years</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13 or more</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In determining the experience factor, the actual years of certificated service for pupil service staff or teaching and administrative service for administrator certificate holders in a public school, in an accredited private or parochial school, or beginning in the 2005-06 school year and thereafter in an accredited college or university shall be credited.
In determining the education factor, only credits earned after initial certification, based upon a transcript on file with the teacher certification office of the state department of education, earned at an institution of higher education accredited by the state board of education or a regional accrediting association, shall be allowed. Provided however, that successful completion of the state-approved Teachscape Focus evaluation training and proof of proficiency shall be counted as up to three (3) transcripted credits for determination of the education factor and recertification. Instructional staff whose initial certificate is an occupational specialist certificate shall be treated as BA degree prepared instructional staff. Credits earned by such occupational specialist instructional staff after initial certification shall be credited toward the education factor.

In determining the statewide average multiplier for instructional-pupil service staff, no multiplier in excess of 1.59092 shall be used. If the actual statewide average multiplier for instructional staff, as determined by this section, exceeds 1.59092, then each school district’s instructional staff multiplier shall be multiplied by the result of 1.59092 divided by the actual statewide average multiplier for instructional staff.

In determining the statewide average multiplier for administrative staff, no multiplier in excess of 1.86643 shall be used. If the actual statewide average multiplier for administrative staff, as determined by this section, exceeds 1.86643, then each school district’s administrative staff multiplier shall be multiplied by the result of 1.86643 divided by the actual statewide average multiplier for administrative staff.

New Section:
33-1004B. Effective in fiscal year 2016 all existing instructional staff shall be placed in a cohort based on the current allocation received based on the experience and education index pursuant to section 33-1004A, Idaho code. Between July 1, 2015 and June 30, 2019 teachers new to the state will be placed into the cohort of instructional staff equivalent to their experience and education pursuant to section 33-1004A, Idaho code. New resident certificate holders will be placed in the first level of the resident tier.

Effective July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tier</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
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<th>5</th>
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<th>7</th>
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Thereafter allocation to the school districts for instructional staff will increase each year as follows.

Effective July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017:

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<tr>
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<th>7</th>
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<th>10</th>
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Effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018:
### Effective July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019:

<table>
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</tbody>
</table>

### Effective July 1, 2020 school districts shall receive an allocation for instructional staff based on level of certificate as follows:

<table>
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<th>Tier</th>
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<tr>
<td>Residency</td>
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<tr>
<td>Professional</td>
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<td>Master</td>
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<td>$55,000</td>
<td>$56,000</td>
<td>$57,000</td>
<td>$58,000</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

#### 33-1004C. Base and minimum salaries -- leadership premiums -- Education and experience index. [(1)] The following shall be reviewed annually by the legislature:

(a) The base salary figures pursuant to subsections 1., 2. 3, and 43. of section 33-1004E, Idaho Code;

(b) The minimum instructional salary figure pursuant to subsection 1. of section 33-1004E, Idaho Code; and

(c) The leadership premium figures pursuant to subsections (1) and (2) of section 33-1004J, Idaho Code.

(2) The statewide education and experience index (or state average index, or state index) is the average of all qualifying employees, instructional and administrative respectively. It is determined by totaling the index value for all qualifying employees and dividing by the number of employees.

#### 33-1004E. District's salary-based apportionment. Each district shall be entitled to a salary-based apportionment calculated as provided in this section.

1. To determine the apportionment for instructional staff, first determine the district average experience and education index by placing all eligible district certificated instructional employees on the statewide index career ladder provided in pursuant to section 33-1004A33-1004B, Idaho Code. The resulting average is the district index. Districts with an index above the state average index shall receive their actual index but not more than the state average plus.03 for the 1994-95 school year, and shall receive their actual index but not more than the state average plus.06 for the 1995-96 school year, and thereafter shall receive their actual district index. The district instructional staff index shall be multiplied by the instructional base salary of $23,354. The amount so determined shall be multiplied by the district staff allowance for instructional staff determined as provided in section 33-1004(2), Idaho Code. The instructional salary allocation shall be further increased by the amount necessary for each full-time equivalent instructional staff member placed on the experience and education index to be allocated at least the minimum salary mandated by this section. Full-time
instructional staff salaries shall be determined from a salary schedule developed by each district and submitted to the state department of education. No full-time instructional staff member shall be paid less than $31,750 the minimum dollar amount on the career ladder pursuant to section 33-1004B, Idaho code for the applicable fiscal year. If an instructional staff member has been certified by the national board for professional teaching standards, the staff member shall be designated as a master teacher and receive $2,000 per year for five (5) years. The instructional salary shall be increased by $2,000 for each master teacher provided national board certified instructional staff person however, that no such awards shall be paid for the period July 1, 2010, through June 30, 2011, nor shall any liabilities accrue or payments be made pursuant to this section in the future to any individuals who would have otherwise qualified for a payment during this stated time period. The resulting amount is the district's salary-based apportionment for instructional staff. For purposes of this section, teachers qualifying for the salary increase as master teacher shall be those who have been recognized as national board certified teachers as of July 1 of each year.

2. To determine the apportionment for pupil service staff, first determine the district average experience and education index by placing all eligible district certificated pupil service employees on the statewide index pursuant to section 33-1004A, Idaho Code. The resulting average is the district index. The district pupil service staff index shall be multiplied by the instructional base salary of $23,354. The amount so determined shall be multiplied by the district staff allowance for pupil service staff determined pursuant in section 33-1004(23), Idaho Code. The pupil service salary allocation shall be further increased by the amount necessary for each full-time equivalent instructional staff member placed on the experience and education index to be allocated at least the minimum salary mandated by this section. Full-time instructional staff salaries shall be determined from a salary schedule developed by each district and submitted to the state department of education. The resulting amount is the district's salary-based apportionment for pupil services staff.

23. To determine the apportionment for district administrative staff, first determine the district average experience and education index by placing all eligible certificated administrative employees on the statewide index provided in section 33-1004A, Idaho Code. The resulting average is the district index. Districts with an index above the state average index shall receive their actual index but not more than the state average plus.03 for the school year 1994-95, and shall receive their actual index but not more than the state average index plus.06 for the 1995-96 school year, and thereafter shall receive their actual district index. The district administrative staff index shall be multiplied by the base salary of $32,151. The amount so determined shall be multiplied by the district staff allowance for administrative staff determined as provided in section 33-1004(3), Idaho Code. The resulting amount is the district's salary-based apportionment for administrative staff.

34. To determine the apportionment for classified staff, multiply $19,249 by the district classified staff allowance determined as provided in section 33-1004(45), Idaho Code. The amount so determined is the district's apportionment for classified staff.

45. The district's salary-based apportionment shall be the sum of the apportionments calculated in subsections 1., 2., 3. and 34., of this section, plus the benefit apportionment as provided in section 33-1004F, Idaho Code.
33-1004J. leadership premiums. (1) Of the moneys available to the educational support program, eight hundred fifty dollars ($850) shall be distributed per full-time equivalent instructional and pupil service staff position employed by each school district. Such moneys shall be paid to instructional and pupil service staff employees for leadership activities as provided in paragraphs (a) through (h) of this subsection. Such premiums shall be valid only for the fiscal year for which the premiums are made and shall be made for one (1) or more of the following reasons as identified as leadership priorities by the board of trustees:
   (a) Providing instruction in a subject in which the employee holds a content area master's degree;
   (b) Teaching a course in which students earn both high school and college credit;
   (c) Teaching a course to middle school students in which the students earn both middle school and high school credit;
   (d) Holding and providing service in multiple nonadministrative certificate or subject endorsement areas;
   (e) Serving in an instructional or pupils service position designated as hard to fill by the board of trustees;
   (f) Providing mentoring, peer assistance or professional development pursuant to section 33-512(17), Idaho Code;
   (g) Having received professional development in career and academic counseling, and then providing career or academic counseling for students, with such services incorporated within or provided in addition to the teacher’s regular classroom instructional or pupil service duties;
   (h) Other leadership duties designated by the board of trustees, exclusive of duties related to student activities or athletics. Such duties shall require that the employee work additional time as a condition of the receipt of a leadership premium.

(2) Local school district boards of trustees may provide leadership premiums to instructional or pupil service staff employees consistent with the provisions of this section. The decision as to whom and how many receive leadership premiums, and in what amounts, shall not be subject to collective bargaining, any other provision of law notwithstanding. A board may provide multiple leadership premiums to an instructional or pupil service staff employee. However, no such employee shall receive cumulative leadership premiums in excess of twenty-five percent (25%) of the base salary amount designated in section 33-1004E, Idaho Code, nor less than eight hundred fifty dollars ($850).

(3) The state department of education may require reports of information as needed to implement the provisions of this section. Also, the department shall report, on or before January 15, 2016, and on or before January 15 of each subsequent year, to the governor, the senate education committee and the house of representatives education committee relevant information regarding leadership premiums, including the following:
   (a) The number of leadership premiums issued, by district;
   (b) The average dollar amount of leadership premiums issued, by district;
   (c) The highest and lowest leadership premium issued, by district; and
   (d) The percent of instructional and pupil service staff positions receiving leadership premiums and the cumulative amount of such premiums, by district.
(4) For the purposes of this section, the term "school district" also means "public charter school," and the term "board of trustees" also means "board of directors."

(5) The state board of education is hereby authorized to promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section.
## Teachers in First Year With Current Employer

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<th>ExperienceYears</th>
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<th>BA+12</th>
<th>BA+24</th>
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<th>MA+12 / BA+48</th>
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### FY14 Statewide

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Presentation for 09-29-14 Meeting

Page 1

PPGA

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| FY15 Minimum Salary: | $31,750 |

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The Career Ladder as recommended by the 2013 Task Force for Improving Education called for a 5-6 year implementation. In addition, further funding was proposed for tiers two and three that teachers could earn for fulfillment of leadership responsibilities, including such things as curriculum development work, chairing collaboration teams, mentoring, and other responsibilities that the districts may determine.

The 2014 legislature appropriated the $15.8 million for the these "leadership premiums." That ongoing amount is not reflected in the implementation plan presented on the following pages.

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Total FTE: 15,713.7482

Leadership Award Pool at $850 per FTE: $15,890,449

Total Year 1 Extra Cost: $15,890,449

The present salary cohorts, shown on Page 2, go in different cells in year 0. As we progress through the transition, the cohorts generally stay intact, with some consolidation occurring at the top of the professional salary range. The transition is effected as the cohorts move to different cells in different years. The transition really takes 6 years, since year 0 is where we are now, and year 1 is where the transition begins.
### Career Ladder Year 0 Impact

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**Career Ladder Cost:** $609,260,707

**FTE:** 16041.01
### Career Ladder Year 1 Impact

#### Salary Reimbursement Table

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<tr>
<td>Res/Prof(&lt;3 yrs) Teacher</td>
<td>694.58</td>
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#### Salary Reimbursement Table

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<td>$50,796,617</td>
<td>$7,251,370</td>
<td>$166,109,535</td>
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<td>$68,542,355</td>
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<td>$166,109,535</td>
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<td>$68,542,355</td>
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__Career Ladder Cost:__ $632,994,343

__FTE:__ 16041.01

Total System Cost Increase over Previous Year: $23,733,636
## Career Ladder Year 2 Impact

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<tbody>
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<td>Res/Prof(&lt;3 yrs) Teacher</td>
<td>694.58</td>
<td>664.50</td>
<td>4,510.55</td>
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### Salary Reimbursement Table (continued)

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<td>Res/Prof(&lt;3 yrs) Teacher</td>
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<td>$8,742,542</td>
<td>$51,801,111</td>
<td>$7,402,767</td>
<td>$167,538,445</td>
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<td>$7,402,767</td>
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<td>$69,259,496</td>
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Career Ladder Cost: $671,031,314  
FTE: 16,041.01  
Total System Cost Increase over Previous Year: $38,036,971
### Career Ladder Year 3 Impact

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#### FTE Table

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<tr>
<td>Residency Teacher</td>
<td>694.58</td>
<td>664.50</td>
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#### Salary Reimbursement Table

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<tr>
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<td>$233,760,136</td>
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Career Ladder Cost: $716,532,613
FTE: 1,504,1.01
Total System Cost Increase over Previous Year: $45,601,299
Career Ladder Year 4 Impact

Salary Reimbursement Table

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Residency Teacher</td>
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<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Residency Teacher</td>
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<td>664.50</td>
<td>635.73</td>
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Salary Reimbursement Table

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<tr>
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<td>$47,377,523</td>
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<td>$7,598,093</td>
<td>$44,403,716</td>
<td>$199,371,961</td>
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Career Ladder Cost: $753,424,814
FTE: 16041.01
Total System Cost Increase over Previous Year: $36,792,201
Career Ladder Year 5 Impact -- Full Implementation

Salary Reimbursement Table

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<tr>
<td>Professional Teacher</td>
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FTE Table

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Residency Teacher</td>
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<td>722.69</td>
<td>635.73</td>
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<tr>
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Salary Reimbursement Table

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<td>$25,726,889</td>
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Assumed annual average net retention rate: 0.9567
percent eligible for Master in year 4 0.60
percent of those eligible that advance to Professional 0.90
percent of those eligible that advance to Master 0.25
percent eligible for master after year 4 0.20

Years in transition

Career Ladder Cost: $783,908,851
FTE 16041.01
Total System Cost Increase over Previous Year: $30,484,036
33-320. STRATEGIC PLANNING CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT PLANS AND TRAINING. (1) Each school district and public charter school in Idaho shall develop and maintain an annual strategic plan that is part of a continuous focuses on improving the student performance of the district or public charter school.

(2) (a) The board of trustees and the superintendent shall collaborate on the plan and engage students, parents, educators and the community as appropriate. The board of directors and the administrator of a public charter school shall collaborate on the plan and engage students, parents, educators and the community as appropriate.

(b) The strategic annual continuous improvement plan shall:

(i) Be data driven, specifically in student outcomes, and shall include, but not be limited to, analyses of demographic data, student achievement and growth data, graduation rates, and college and career readiness;

(ii) Set clear and measurable targets based on student outcomes;

(iii) Include a clearly developed and articulated vision and mission; and

(iv) Include key indicators for monitoring performance.

(v) Include a report of progress toward the previous year’s improvement goals.

(c) For the 2014-2015 school year, the strategic annual continuous improvement plan shall be adopted on or before September 1. The strategic plan must be reviewed and updated annually no later than August 1 every year thereafter.

(d) The board of trustees or the board of directors shall continuously monitor progress toward the goals by utilizing relevant data to measure growth. The progress shall be included in evaluations of the district superintendent or administrator of a public charter school. The progress shall be included in each subsequent year’s continuous improvement plan.

(3) The strategic annual continuous improvement plan must be made available to the public and shall be posted on the school district or charter school website.

(4) Of the moneys appropriated in the public schools educational support program, up to two thousand dollars ($2,000) shall be distributed to each school district and public charter school to be expended for training purposes for district superintendents and boards of trustees, public charter school administrators and boards of directors. Funds shall be distributed on a reimbursement basis based on a process prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction. Qualified training shall include training for continuous improvement processes and planning, strategic planning, finance, superintendent evaluations, public charter administrator evaluations, ethics and governance.

(5) The state board of education shall be granted rulemaking authority to establish appropriate procedures, qualifications and guidelines for qualified training providers and shall prepare a list of qualified training providers within the state of Idaho.
33-503A. Transition of school trustee terms from three years to four years. In order to achieve an orderly transition to terms of four (4) years, and to hold trustee elections in the odd-numbered years, the following schedule shall be followed:

1. For school districts with five (5) trustees:
   (a) If two (2) trustees were elected to a regular trustee term in 2007, and one (1) trustee was elected to a regular term in 2008, then these three (3) trustees shall each serve a term that expires on July 1, 2011, and the trustees elected to a regular trustee term in 2009 shall each serve a term that expires on July 1, 2013.
   (b) If two (2) trustees were elected to regular trustee terms in 2007, and two (2) trustees were elected to regular trustee terms in 2008, then those trustees elected in 2007 shall each serve a term that expires on July 1, 2011, and those elected in 2008 shall each serve a term that expires on July 1, 2013, and the trustee elected to a regular trustee term in 2009 shall serve a term that expires on July 1, 2013.
   (c) If one (1) trustee was elected to a regular trustee term in 2007, the trustee shall serve a term that expires on July 1, 2011, and the trustees elected to a regular trustee term in 2008 shall each serve a term that expires on July 1, 2011.

2. For school districts with six (6) trustees, two (2) trustees elected to a regular term in 2007 shall each serve a term that expires on July 1, 2011, and two (2) trustees elected to a regular term in 2009 shall each serve a term that expires on July 1, 2013, and one (1) of the trustees elected in 2008 shall serve until July 1, 2011, and one (1) of the trustees elected to a regular term in 2008 shall serve until July 1, 2013, which shall be determined by the toss of a coin.

3. For school districts with seven (7) trustees, two (2) trustees elected to a regular term in 2008 or 2009 shall each serve until July 1, 2011, and any remainder of the trustees elected in 2008 or 2009 shall serve until July 1, 2013, which shall be determined by the toss of a coin; and trustees elected to a regular term in 2007 shall serve until July 1, 2011.

4. For elementary school districts with three (3) trustees, two (2) trustees elected to a regular term in 2007 and 2008 shall serve until July 1, 2011, and one (1) trustee elected to a regular term in 2009 shall serve until July 1, 2013.
33-1002. EDUCATIONAL SUPPORT PROGRAM. The educational support program is calculated as follows:

(1) State Educational Support Funds. Add the state appropriation, including the moneys available in the public school income fund, together with all miscellaneous revenues to determine the total state funds.

(2) From the total state funds subtract the following amounts needed for state support of special programs provided by a school district:
   (a) Pupil tuition-equivalency allowances as provided in section 33-1002B, Idaho Code;
   (b) Transportation support program as provided in section 33-1006, Idaho Code;
   (c) Feasibility studies allowance as provided in section 33-1007A, Idaho Code;
   (d) The approved costs for border district allowance, provided in section 33-1403, Idaho Code, as determined by the state superintendent of public instruction;
   (e) The approved costs for exceptional child approved contract allowance, provided in subsection 2. of section 33-2004, Idaho Code, as determined by the state superintendent of public instruction;
   (f) Certain expectant and delivered mothers allowance as provided in section 33-2006, Idaho Code;
   (g) Salary-based apportionment calculated as provided in sections 33-1004 through 33-1004F, Idaho Code;
   (h) Unemployment insurance benefit payments according to the provisions of section 72-1349A, Idaho Code;
   (i) For expenditure as provided by the public school technology program;
   (j) For employee severance payments as provided in section 33-521, Idaho Code;
   (k) For distributions to the Idaho digital learning academy as provided in section 33-1020, Idaho Code;
   (l) For charter school facilities funds and reimbursements paid pursuant to section 33-5208(5), Idaho Code;
   (m) For an online course portal as provided for in section 33-1024, Idaho Code;
   (n) For advanced opportunities as provided for in section 33-1626 4601, Idaho Code;
   (o) For the “8 in 6 Program” as provided for in section 33-1628 4602, Idaho Code;
   (p) For additional math and science courses for high school students as provided in section 33-1021, Idaho Code;
   (q) For leadership premiums as provided in section 33-1004J, Idaho Code;
   (r) For the support of provisions that provide a safe environment conducive to student learning and maintain classroom discipline, an allocation of $300 per support unit; and
   (s) Any additional amounts as required by statute to effect administrative adjustments or as specifically required by the provisions of any bill of appropriation;

   to secure the total educational support distribution funds.

   (3) Average Daily Attendance. The total state average daily attendance shall be the sum of the average daily attendance of all of the school districts of the state. The state board of education shall establish rules setting forth the procedure to determine average daily attendance and the time for, and method of, submission of such report. Average daily attendance calculation shall be carried out to the nearest hundredth. Computation of average daily attendance shall also be governed by the provisions of section 33-1003A, Idaho Code.
(4) Support Units. The total state support units shall be determined by using the tables set out hereafter called computation of kindergarten support units, computation of elementary support units, computation of secondary support units, computation of exceptional education support units, and computation of alternative school secondary support units. The sum of all of the total support units of all school districts of the state shall be the total state support units.

### COMPUTATION OF KINDERGARTEN SUPPORT UNITS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Average Daily Attendance</th>
<th>Attendance Divisor</th>
<th>Units Allowed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>41 or more...</td>
<td>40..................</td>
<td>1 or more as computed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31 - 40.99 ADA...</td>
<td>-..................</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26 - 30.99 ADA...</td>
<td>-..................</td>
<td>.85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21 - 25.99 ADA...</td>
<td>-..................</td>
<td>.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16 - 20.99 ADA...</td>
<td>-..................</td>
<td>.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 - 15.99 ADA...</td>
<td>-..................</td>
<td>.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 - 7.99 ADA...</td>
<td>-..................</td>
<td>count as elementary</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### COMPUTATION OF ELEMENTARY SUPPORT UNITS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Average Daily Attendance</th>
<th>Minimum Units Allowed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>300 or more ADA......</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.23...grades 4,5 &amp; 6...</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.22...grades 1,2 &amp; 3...</td>
<td>1994-95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.21...grades 1,2 &amp; 3...</td>
<td>1995-96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.20...grades 1,2 &amp; 3...</td>
<td>1996-97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>and each year thereafter.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>160 to 299.99 ADA...</td>
<td>8.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>110 to 159.99 ADA...</td>
<td>6.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71.1 to 109.99 ADA...</td>
<td>4.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51.7 to 71.0 ADA...</td>
<td>4.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33.6 to 51.6 ADA...</td>
<td>2.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16.6 to 33.5 ADA...</td>
<td>1.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.0 to 16.5 ADA...</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### COMPUTATION OF SECONDARY SUPPORT UNITS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Average Daily Attendance</th>
<th>Minimum Units Allowed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>750 or more...</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>400 - 749.99 ADA...</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>300 - 399.99 ADA...</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200 - 299.99 ADA...</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 - 199.99 ADA...</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99.99 or fewer</td>
<td>Units allowed as follows:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grades 7-12</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Grades 9-12 ........................................ 6
Grades 7-9 ........................................ 1 per 14 ADA
Grades 7-8 ........................................ 1 per 16 ADA

### COMPUTATION OF EXCEPTIONAL EDUCATION SUPPORT UNITS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Average Daily Attendance</th>
<th>Attendance Divisor</th>
<th>Minimum Units Allowed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>14 or more...</td>
<td>14.5</td>
<td>1 or more as computed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 - 13.99...</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 - 11.99...</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 - 7.99...</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 - 3.99...</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### COMPUTATION OF ALTERNATIVE SCHOOL SECONDARY SUPPORT UNITS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pupils in Attendance</th>
<th>Attendance Divisor</th>
<th>Minimum Units Allowed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12 or more...........</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>1 or more as computed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In applying these tables to any given separate attendance unit, no school district shall receive less total money than it would receive if it had a lesser average daily attendance in such separate attendance unit. In applying the kindergarten table to a kindergarten program of less days than a full school year, the support unit allowance shall be in ratio to the number of days of a full school year. The attendance of students attending an alternative secondary school in a school district reporting less than one hundred (100) secondary students in average daily attendance shall be assigned to the alternative secondary support unit if the student is from a school district reporting less than one hundred (100) secondary students in average daily attendance, but shall instead be assigned to the secondary support unit if the student is from multiple districts reporting less than one hundred (100) secondary students in average daily attendance. The tables for exceptional education and alternative school secondary support units shall be applicable only for programs approved by the state department of education following rules established by the state board of education. Moneys generated from computation of support units for alternative schools shall be utilized for alternative school programs. School district administrative and facility costs may be included as part of the alternative school expenditures.

(5) State Distribution Factor per Support Unit. Divide educational support program distribution funds, after subtracting the amounts necessary to pay the obligations specified in subsection (2) of this section, by the total state support units to secure the state distribution factor per support unit.

(6) District Support Units. The number of support units for each school district in the state shall be determined as follows:

(a) (i) Divide the actual average daily attendance, excluding students approved for inclusion in the exceptional child educational program, for the administrative schools and
each of the separate schools and attendance units by the appropriate divisor from the tables of support units in this section, then add the quotients to obtain the district's support units allowance for regular students, kindergarten through grade 12 including alternative school secondary students. Calculations in application of this subsection shall be carried out to the nearest hundredth.

(ii) Divide the combined totals of the average daily attendance of all preschool, kindergarten, elementary, secondary, juvenile detention center students and students with disabilities approved for inclusion in the exceptional child program of the district by the appropriate divisor from the table for computation of exceptional education support units to obtain the number of support units allowed for the district's approved exceptional child program. Calculations for this subsection shall be carried out to the nearest hundredth when more than one (1) unit is allowed.

(iii) The total number of support units of the district shall be the sum of the total support units for regular students, subsection (6)(a)(i) of this section, and the support units allowance for the approved exceptional child program, subsection (6)(a)(ii) of this section.

(b) Total District Allowance Educational Program. Multiply the district's total number of support units, carried out to the nearest hundredth, by the state distribution factor per support unit and to this product add the approved amount of programs of the district provided in subsection (2) of this section to secure the district's total allowance for the educational support program.

(c) District Share. The district's share of state apportionment is the amount of the total district allowance, subsection (6)(b) of this section.

(d) Adjustment of District Share. The contract salary of every noncertificated teacher shall be subtracted from the district's share as calculated from the provisions of subsection (6)(c) of this section.

(7) Property Tax Computation Ratio. In order to receive state funds pursuant to this section a charter district shall utilize a school maintenance and operation property tax computation ratio for the purpose of calculating its maintenance and operation levy, that is no greater than that which it utilized in tax year 1994, less four-tenths of one percent (.4%). As used herein, the term "property tax computation ratio" shall mean a ratio determined by dividing the district's certified property tax maintenance and operation budget by the actual or adjusted market value for assessment purposes as such values existed on December 31, 1993. Such maintenance and operation levy shall be based on the property tax computation ratio multiplied by the actual or adjusted market value for assessment purposes as such values existed on December 31 of the prior calendar year.
department of education shall distribute funds from the moneys appropriated for the educational support program to defray the per credit cost charged for such dual credit courses by accredited postsecondary institutions. The amount so distributed shall not exceed seventy-five dollars ($75.00) per credit hour.

(b) Advanced placement or other college credit-bearing or professional certificate examinations, up to six (6) examinations per semester or four (4) per trimester. The state department of education shall distribute funds from the moneys appropriated for the educational support program to defray the per examination cost charged. The amount so distributed shall not exceed ninety dollars ($90.00) per examination.

The state department of education shall reimburse school districts and public charter schools for such costs, up to the stated limits, within one hundred twenty-five (125) days of receiving the necessary data upon which reimbursements may be paid. If a student fails to earn credit for any course or examination for which the department has paid a reimbursement, the student must pay for and successfully earn credit for one (1) such course or examination before the department may pay any further reimbursements for such student.

(2) Any student in an Idaho public high school or Idaho public charter high school who has attained grade 11 and who has not qualified pursuant to subsection (1) of this section shall qualify for a credit of two hundred dollars ($200) to pay for courses and examinations pursuant to subsection (1)(a) and (b) of this section. These moneys may be used to pay an amount not to exceed seventy-five percent (75%) of the cost price to the student of such courses and examinations, pursuant to the limitations stated in this subsection. The state department of education shall distribute such funds from the moneys appropriated to the educational support program.

(3) Any student in an Idaho public high school or Idaho public charter high school who has attained grade 12 and who has not qualified pursuant to subsection (1) of this section shall qualify for a credit of four hundred dollars ($400) to pay for courses and examinations described pursuant to subsection (1)(a) and (b) of this section. These moneys may be used to pay an amount not to exceed seventy-five percent (75%) of the cost price to the student of such courses and examinations, pursuant to the limitations stated in this subsection. The state department of education shall distribute such funds from the moneys appropriated to the educational support program.

(4) The payments made pursuant to this section shall not be used to duplicate payments made by any other governmental or charitable program, except that any payments made pursuant to this section shall also reduce by a like dollar amount any out-of-district county tuition payments that would otherwise be made to a community college pursuant to section 33-2110A, Idaho Code.

(5) The state board of education may promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section.

(6) No later than January 15, the state department of education shall annually report to the senate and the house of representatives education committees the number of scholarships awarded pursuant to subsections (2) and (3) of this section during the previous school year, by school district and public charter school. Such report shall also include a fiscal note reflecting the amount of moneys expended for such scholarships.

(7) Policies and procedures for participating in the program established by the school district or charter school must be such that students have an opportunity to
participate in the program and meet district established timelines and requirements for financial transactions, transcribing credits and state department of education reporting.

33-16284602. "8 IN 6 PROGRAM." (1) A program is hereby established in the state department of education to be known as the "8 in 6 Program."

(2) If a parent and student of a public school in Idaho agree, by signing the appropriate form provided by the state department of education, to the conditions provided for in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection, the state department of education will pay for a portion of the cost of summer online courses and online overload courses as provided for in this section from the moneys appropriated for this purpose.

(a) The student and parent agree that the student shall take and successfully complete dual credit or professional-technical education courses for at least a portion of the student's courses during the eleventh and/or twelfth grade years. Funding for this requirement will not be provided by the "8 in 6 Program."

(b) The student and parent agree that the student shall take and successfully complete at least one (1) summer online or online overload course and a full course load.

(c) The state shall pay the lesser of the actual cost or two hundred twenty-five dollars ($225) per one (1) credit summer online course or one (1) credit online overload course taken in this program.

(d) The state shall pay for no more than two (2) credits of online overload courses per student per school year. The state shall pay for no more than two (2) credits of summer online courses per student per summer. The state shall pay for no more than a combined total of four (4) credits of summer online or online overload courses per student per year. The state shall pay for no more than a combined total of eight (8) credits of summer online and online overload courses per student during such student's participation in the program.

(3) Participation in this program shall be limited to no more than ten percent (10%) of students in each grade 7 through 12. Such limitation shall be applied initially on a school district-by-school district, grade-by-grade basis. If any grades do not fully utilize their available participation slots, the school district shall reallocate said participation slots to those grades in which more than ten percent (10%) of the students have applied for participation in the program. If any school districts do not fully utilize their available participation slots by July 1, the state department of education shall reallocate said participation slots to those districts in which more than ten percent (10%) of the students have applied for participation in the program. Students accepted into the program shall remain in the program from year to year unless they sign a withdrawal form developed by the state department of education. If a participating student transfers from one (1) school district to another, such student shall remain enrolled in the program, the ten percent (10%) participation limitation of the student's new school district notwithstanding. The state department of education shall maintain a list of participants.

(a) If the number of students applying for participation in the "8 in 6 Program" exceeds the number of participation slots available in the school district, the school district shall establish participation preference criteria. Such criteria shall include students who have successfully completed at least one (1) online course prior to participating in the program, and may include any of the following:

(i) Grade point average;

(ii) State-mandated summative achievement test results;
(iii) Other school district administered student assessments.

(b) If a student participating in the program fails to complete with a grade of "C" or better one (1) or more summer online or online overload courses while in the program, the student must pay for and successfully complete a summer online or online overload course with a grade of "C" or better before continuing in the program.

(4) Procedures for participating in the "8 in 6 Program" include the following: The school district shall make reasonable efforts to ensure that any student who considers participating in the program considers the challenges and time necessary to succeed in the program. Such efforts by the district shall be performed prior to a student participating in the program. Policies and procedures for participating in the program established by the school district or charter school must be such that students have an opportunity to participate in the program and meet district established timelines and requirements for financial transactions, transcribing credits and state department of education reporting.

(5) Eligible courses. To qualify as an eligible course for the program, the course must be one in which a majority of the instruction is provided electronically, and it must be offered by a provider accredited by the organization that accredits Idaho high schools or an organization whose accreditation of providers is recognized by the organization that accredits Idaho high schools and taught by an individual certified to teach the grade and subject area of the course in Idaho. Parents of participating students may enroll their child in any eligible course, with or without the permission of the school district in which the student is enrolled, up to the course enrollment limits provided for in subsection (2)(d) of this section. School district personnel shall assist parents in the process of enrolling students in such courses. Each participating student's transcript at the school district at which the student is enrolled shall include the credits earned and grades received by the student for any online courses taken pursuant to this section. For an eligible course to be transcribed as meeting the requirements of a core subject as identified in Idaho administrative rule, said course must meet the approved content standards for the applicable subject and grade level.

(6) The state board of education is hereby authorized to promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section.

(7) Definitions:

(a) "8 in 6 Program" means the two (2) years of junior high, the four (4) years of high school and the first two (2) years of college or professional-technical preparation that normally take eight (8) years to complete are compressed into six (6) years by taking full course loads during the school year and one (1) or two (2) online courses during the summer or as online overload courses.

(b) "Credit" means middle or high school credit.

(c) "Full course load" means no fewer than twelve (12) credits per school year for grades 7-8, no fewer than fourteen (14) credits per school year for grades 9-12 for summer online course eligibility purposes, and the maximum number of courses offered by the student's school during the school day per school year for online overload course eligibility purposes.

(d) "Overload course" means a course taken that is in excess of or more than the number of courses taken in the normal school day as a normal school day is defined for fractional average daily attendance purposes by the state department of education.

(e) "Parent" means parent or parents or guardian or guardians.
(f) "School district" means an Idaho school district or a public charter school that provides education to any grades 7-12.

(g) "School year" means the normal school year that begins upon the conclusion of the break between grades and ends upon the beginning of the same break of the following year.

33-16204603. (1) MASTERY ADVANCEMENT PROGRAM. There is hereby established the "Mastery Advancement Program," hereinafter referred to as "the program." This program shall permit students in Idaho public schools, including Idaho public charter schools, to successfully proceed through school curriculum at their own pace.

33-1621. (2) APPLICATION TO PARTICIPATE IN PROGRAM. Any school district or public charter school wanting to participate in the mastery advancement program shall submit to the state department of education an application for participation in the program on a form established by the department. Any school district and any public charter school that submits a completed application shall be allowed to participate in the program.

33-1622. (3) PROGRAM ASSESSMENT -- STUDENT ASSESSMENT.

(1) Every school district and charter school participating in the program shall measure student performance and achievement while such district and charter school is participating in the program. Such performance and achievement measures shall include, but shall not necessarily be limited to, standardized test scores, successful completion of courses, behavioral and/or disciplinary incidents and dropout rates. The performance and achievement measures provided for in this subsection shall be reported to the state department of education every June 30 during the life of the program.

(b) Relating to the program provided for in this act, the state department of education is hereby directed to identify and adopt end-of-course assessments for all core topic areas for grades 7-12 curriculum and appropriate benchmarks for grades 1-6. Such assessments shall be developed during the life of the pilot program.

(2) Students may request to take an end-of-course assessment. Such request shall be made upon a form provided by the state department of education. The student's request shall be made pursuant to collaboration between the student, the student's teachers, the school administration and the student's parents or guardians.

(c) The student shall score no less than eighty-five percent (85%) on the end-of-course assessment in order to participate in self-directed study that allows the student to work on completing a class or year of school at an accelerated pace.

When a student enrolled in grades 7-12 successfully passes an end-of-course assessment as provided for in subsection (2) of this section, the student shall be counted as having completed all required coursework for that course and the school may be funded for such student based upon either the actual hours of attendance or the course which such student has successfully passed, whichever is more advantageous to the school, up to the maximum of one (1) full-time equivalent student.

When a student enrolled in grades 1-6 successfully completes a benchmark as provided for in subsection (1) of this section, then the student shall be counted as having completed all required coursework for that grade and the school may be funded for such student, based upon either the actual hours of attendance or the grade which such student has successfully passed, whichever is more advantageous to the school, up to the maximum of one (1) full-time equivalent student.
33-1623-(4) STUDENT ADVANCEMENT -- DUAL CREDIT -- EARLY GRADUATION -- MASTERY ADVANCEMENT SCHOLARSHIP -- RESIDUAL SAVINGS.

(4)(a) Any student who successfully completes a public charter school or school district's grades 1-12 curriculum at least one (1) year early shall be eligible for a mastery advancement scholarship, regardless of whether or not the public charter school or school district is participating in the mastery advancement program, if such student can show that the student has met all of the graduation requirements of the public charter school or school district in which the student attends school; and

(a)(i) The student has completed the grades 1-12 curriculum in eleven (11) or fewer years and such student has attended schools in the Idaho public school system for the entire grades 1-12 curriculum; or

(b)(ii) Where the student has attended Idaho public schools for less than the entire grades 1-12 curriculum, such student shall be eligible for a mastery advancement scholarship if such student has attended Idaho public schools for a minimum of four (4) years. For students who have attended Idaho public schools for less than four (4) years and who have completed all graduation requirements, such students may be eligible to receive a mastery advancement scholarship at a reduced rate not to exceed one (1) semester of scholarship for each year of Idaho public school attendance.

(2)(b) A student is not required to graduate early and can choose to participate in dual credit or advanced placement classes as is the current practice.

(3)(a)(c)(i) If a student requests a mastery advancement scholarship and is eligible pursuant to the provisions of subsection (1)(a) and (1)(b) of this section, the student shall be entitled to a mastery advancement scholarship which may be used for tuition and fees at any publicly funded institution of higher education in Idaho. The amount of such scholarship shall equal thirty-five percent (35%) of the statewide average daily attendance-driven funding per enrolled pupil for each year of grades 1-12 curriculum the student avoids due to early graduation. Such school district or public charter school shall receive an amount equal to each such scholarship if it is participating in the mastery advancement program.

(b)(ii) The state department of education shall annually report, no later than January 15, to the senate and the house of representatives education committees, the number of scholarships awarded pursuant to this section during the previous school year, by school district and public charter school. Such report shall also include a fiscal note reflecting the amount of moneys expended for such scholarships.

(4)(d) No student shall be eligible for more than three (3) years of a "mastery advancement" scholarship.

(5)(e) School districts and public charter schools participating in the program established in section 33-1620, Idaho Code, are directed to collaborate with publicly funded institutions of higher education in this state to assist students who seek to graduate from high school early, in enrolling in postsecondary or advanced placement courses held in high school. Such school districts, public charter schools and publicly funded institutions of higher education shall report to the state board of education and the senate and the house of representatives education committees on any difficulties or obstacles they face in providing such assistance to students.
SUBJECT
Lewis-Clark State College (LCSC) Annual Progress Report

APPLICABLE STATUTE, RULE, OR POLICY
Idaho State Board of Education Governing Policies & Procedures, Section I.M.3.

BACKGROUND/DISCUSSION
This agenda item fulfills the Board’s requirement for Lewis-Clark State College to provide a progress report on the institution’s strategic plan, details of implementation, status of goals and objectives and information on other points of interest in accordance with a schedule and format established by the Board’s Executive Director.

IMPACT
Lewis-Clark State College’s strategic plan drives the College’s integrated planning; programming, budgeting, and assessment cycle and is the basis for the institution’s annual budget requests and performance measure reports to the State Board of Education, the Division of Financial Management and the Legislative Services Office.

ATTACHMENTS
Attachment 1 – Draft Annual Progress Report Page 3

BOARD ACTION
This item is for informational purposes only. Any action will be at the Board’s discretion.
Progress Report
J. Anthony Fernández
October 15, 2014
Mission

Lewis-Clark State College is a regional state college offering instruction in the liberal arts and sciences, professional areas tailored to the educational needs of Idaho, applied technical programs which support the local and state economy and other educational programs designed to meet the needs of Idahoans.
Comprehensive 5-year Strategic Plan

Goal 1: Sustain and enhance excellence in teaching and learning.

Goal 2: Optimize student enrollment and promote student success.

Goal 3: Strengthen and expand collaborative relationships and partnerships.

Goal 4: Leverage resources to maximize institutional strength and efficiency.
Sustain and enhance excellence in teaching and learning.

- Program prioritization
- General education assessment
- Technology-based course delivery
- Faculty and staff CEC
Optimize student enrollment and promote student success.

- Expand centralized advising
- Implement student success course
- Establish a Teaching and Learning Center
Strengthen and expand collaborative relationships and partnerships.

- Increase student internship and volunteer opportunities
- Create opportunities for community leaders to participate in college activities
- Strengthen participation in the NAIA “Champions of Character” program
Leverage resources to maximize institutional strength and efficiency.

- Support priorities and programs central to the LCSC mission
- Maximize efficiency of institutional processes and organization
- Continue implementation of campus facilities master plan
Performance Measures

- Exceed national averages for professional exams
- Increase efficiency of student course selection
- Place at 90th percentile on ETS critical thinking construct
- Increase participation in advanced placement
Performance Measures (con’t)

- Award 800+ degrees or certificates
- Place 800+ student interns
- Enroll 4,000 in custom training
- Increase Alumni Association members to 15,000
Performance Measures (con’t)

- Reduce cost per credit hour
- Meet NAIA Five Star Champions of Character goals
- Award 2.5 certificates per $100,000 of financials
Annual Enrollment
(unduplicated)
Pre-College Headcount

![Bar chart showing Pre-College Headcount from FY 09 to FY 14. The chart indicates the number of students in Tech Prep, Both, and Dual Credit programs over the years.]
Student Credit Hours
LCSC Certificates and Degrees Awarded

FY 09 FY 10 FY 11 FY 12 FY 13 FY 14 FY 15 FY 16 FY 17 FY 18 FY 19 FY 20

Actual
LCSC Est.
Linear (Actual)
Graduates Receiving Degree/Certificate

![Bar chart showing graduates receiving degree/certificate from FY 09 to FY 14. The chart includes data for both PTE and Academic categories.]

- FY 09: 400 PTE, 300 Academic
- FY 10: 500 PTE, 400 Academic
- FY 11: 600 PTE, 500 Academic
- FY 12: 700 PTE, 600 Academic
- FY 13: 800 PTE, 700 Academic
- FY 14: 800 PTE, 700 Academic
Retention Rate

FY 09  FY 10  FY 11  FY 12  FY 13  FY 14  FY 15 est
Graduation Rate

FY 09 | FY 10 | FY 11 | FY 12 | FY 13 | FY 14
25%   | 20%   | 30%   | 35%   | 30%   | 25%
Fall 2014 Enrollment

October 15

Total Enrollment: 4,304

- Freshman: 721
- Pre-College: 1,034
- International: 87
- FTE: 2,962

Freshman: 721

Pre-College: 1,034

International: 87

FTE: 2,962

Total Enrollment: 4,304
Instructional Programs

- NCLEX-RN first–time pass rate 95%
- NCLEX-PN first–time pass rate 75%
- ARRT Radiologic Technology pass rate 100%
- Teacher Praxis exams 83% first-time pass rate
- Social Work Licensure first-time pass rate 79%
- PT programs placement rate 95%
Community programs mission provides credit and non-credit courses reaching thousands of citizens in the region including Outreach Centers in Coeur d'Alene, Orofino, and Grangeville.

Small Business Development Center (SBDC) served 278 clients, provided 1,685 consulting hours, and helped small businesses acquire and execute loans.
Outreach (con’t)

- 37 SBDC customized training workshops supporting economic development throughout Region II

- LCSC ABE/GED programs

- Continued collaboration with Department of Correction GED with Cottonwood (NICI) and Orofino (ICIO)
Legislative Requests for FY2016

Maintenance of Current Operations (MCO)

- Employee salaries (CEC)
- Inflation (utilities, contracts, Library)
- Capital Equipment Replacement
Legislative Requests for FY2016

Line Item Requests

CCI, Deferred Maintenance

Salary Competitiveness, “Work College”
LCSC FY2016 PBF Requests

Capital Projects
- Joint Facility (UI-LC-NIC) in Coeur d’Alene

Alterations & Repair Projects
- Upgrade Spalding Hall
- Replace Reid Centennial Hall Roof
Research, Grants and Contracts

96 open grants providing $8,533,961 direct support for Complete College Idaho:

- **Access**
  - Clearwater Valley Educational Talent Search
  - Teaching for Excellence in Science & Literacy Achievement
  - Math Initiative Regional Center
  - Career Pioneer Network

- **Student Success/Retention/Completion**
  - TRIO Student Support Services
  - Idaho Education Access Fund
  - Idaho Student Loan Fund

- **Career Ready**
  - USDA Rural Business Enterprise Grant – Lathe Upgrade
  - Dental Hygiene Program
Advancement

![Line graph showing the trend of Total Assets and Total Endowment from FY2000 to FY2014.](image)

- **Total Assets**
- **Total Endowment**

**FY2000**
**FY2001**
**FY2002**
**FY2003**
**FY2004**
**FY2005**
**FY2006**
**FY2007**
**FY2008**
**FY2009**
**FY2010**
**FY2011**
**FY2012**
**FY2013**
**FY2014**
PRESIDENTS' COUNCIL

SUBJECT
Presidents' Council Report

BACKGROUND/DISCUSSION
President Joe Dunlap, North Idaho Community College President and current chair of the Presidents' Council, will give a report on the recent activities of the Presidents' Council and answer questions. The Presidents' Council last met October 14, for their annual retreat.

BOARD ACTION
This item is intended for informational purposes only. Any action will be at the Board's discretion.
SUBJECT
Idaho Division of Vocational Rehabilitation (IDVR)

APPLICABLE STATUTE, RULE, OR POLICY
Idaho State Board of Education Governing Policies & Procedures, Section I.M.3.

BACKGROUND/DISCUSSION
This agenda item fulfills the Board’s requirement for IDVR to provide an annual progress report on the agency’s strategic plan, details of implementation, status of goals and objectives and information on other points of interest in accordance with a schedule and format established by the Board’s Executive Director.

Jane Donnellan, Acting Administrator of the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation, will provide an overview of IDVR’s progress in carrying out the agency’s strategic plan.

ATTACHMENTS
Attachment 1 – Idaho Division of Vocational Rehabilitation Presentation Page 3

BOARD ACTION
This item is for informational purposes only. Any action will be at the Board’s discretion.
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IDAHO DIVISION OF VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION

State Board of Education Presentation

October 2014
IDVR PROGRAM STRUCTURE

- Vocational Rehabilitation
- Extended Employment Services
- Council for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing
VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION
Mission Statement

“Preparing individuals with disabilities for employment and community enrichment.”
VR ACCOMPLISHMENTS

- In 2014 there was a 90% increase in customer wages after receiving IDVR services
- Met or exceeded all primary Federal performance measures
- Continued collaboration with the University of Idaho to advance the profession of vocational rehabilitation counseling
IDVR SUPPORTS
POST SECONDARY TRAINING

Success in training programs = Success in Employment

Post secondary funds are the second highest VR expenditures in FFY 2013
LEWISTON SUCCESS STORY

Marsha Wilson

- Bachelor of Social Work
- Starting wage $16.00 with sick and vacation
- Advancement opportunities
Successful Employment Outcomes

Performance Measure: Increase the number of successful rehabilitation in FFY 2014 to exceed FFY 2013 performance.

![Bar chart showing successful employment outcomes from FFY 2010 to FFY 2014.](chart.png)
VR Customer Average Hourly Wage
Successful Youth Employment Outcomes

PERFORMANCE MEASURE: The number of transition age youth (ages 14 to < 25 at application) exiting the IDVR program who achieved employment in FFY 2014 will exceed FFY 2013.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Value</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FFY10</td>
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<tr>
<td>FFY14</td>
<td>546</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Coeur d’Alene Success Story

Kyle Neal

- Bachelor of Arts – Information System/Quality Assurance
- Full-time employment in the field he was trained
- $18.26 wage and employer sponsored benefits
$283,800 in additional spending authority (of which $57,200 is from the State general fund) for the purpose of increasing our counselor wages

$1,200,000 in the spending authority

$89,600 in general funds for the purpose of supporting one additional Full-time Employee (FTE) for the council for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing (CDHH)
Twin Falls Success Story

Tim Ledington

- Associate in Graphic Arts
- Bachelor of Arts in Elementary Education
- Master in Deaf Education
- Full time Middle and High School Teacher
- $16.35 an hour with benefits
IDVR

MAXIMIZES RESOURCES
Partnerships

- Current partnerships:
  - School Districts and the State Department of Education
  - Department of Corrections
  - Department of Juvenile Corrections
  - Department of Health and Welfare

- Proactive mechanism to generate alternate funds.

- Each $1 of partnership funds generates $3.69 in federal funds.

- $562,114 in partnership funds leverages $2,074,201.
Idaho Falls Success Story

Karl Jensen

- Radiation Safety Technical Certificate
- Associate of Applied Science (AAS) degree in the Energy Systems Instrumentation & Control Technology Program
- Oil Pipeline Technician
- Starting wage of $24.90 an hour
- Employer sponsored benefits
SUBJECT  
Idaho Division of Vocational Rehabilitation Administrator Appointment

APPLICABLE STATUTE, RULE, OR POLICY  
Idaho State Board of Education Governing Policies and Procedures IV.E.

BACKGROUND/DISCUSSION  
Jane Donnellan served as the Acting Administrator for the Idaho Division of Vocational Rehabilitation from December 2013 to June 2014 when the previous administrator stepped down. On June 2, 2014 the Board appointed her as the Interim Administrator. Ms. Donnellan received her Master of Arts in Rehabilitation Counseling with an emphasis in Vocational Evaluation from the University of Northern Colorado in 1994. She was recruited by the State of Idaho, Division of Vocational Rehabilitation following the completion of her graduate program. She has worked for the Division for the past 20 years. During her tenure with Vocational Rehabilitation, she worked as a vocational counselor for 12 years, a regional manager for 5 years, and for the past three years as the Planning and Evaluation Manager. She resides in Boise with her ten year old son. Jane has been involved in adaptive recreational sport and enjoys traveling.

ATTACHMENT  
Attachment 1 – Jane Donnellan Resume

STAFF COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS  
There is no prohibition for the interim appointment to apply for the Administrator position. Her performance in the interim position has been exemplary. Feedback from the field has also been very positive.

Staff recommends approval.

BOARD ACTION  
I move to appoint Jane Donnellan as the Administrator for the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation and to set her salary at $47.29/hour ($98,363 annually), effective immediately.

Moved by __________ Seconded by __________ Carried Yes _____ No _____
Jane Williams Donnellan

EDUCATION:

Master of Arts in Rehabilitation Counseling, Emphasis in Vocational Evaluation.

May 1988. Denison University, Granville, Ohio.
Bachelor of Arts in Psychology, Minor in English Literature.

CERTIFICATION:

Certified Rehabilitation Counselor since 1994. CRC # C-12203

WORK EXPERIENCE:

July 1994 to Present. Idaho Division of Vocational Rehabilitation.

Positions Held:
November 2013 to Present. Acting/Interim Administrator.

Employment Duties: Responsible for all operations of the Agency.

November 2011 to Present. Planning and Evaluation Manager.

Employment Duties: Reports to the Administrator of agency. Responsible for the coordination, collaboration, communication and writing of the Division’s Strategic and State plans and other state and federal reports; Evaluation of Administrative reviews, and other regulatory compliance issues; Development and coordination of programs and customer satisfaction; Grant and Cooperative agreement writing and management; development of strategies that enable the Division to effectively deliver services to its’ customers. Communication, collaboration and coordination with external and internal customers. Oversees, evaluates, and implements the development and effectiveness of tools that will enhance the overall effectiveness.

December 2006 to October 2011. Regional Manager.

Employment Duties: Direct supervision of thirteen staff, eight Vocational Rehabilitation Counselors and five Vocational Assistants. Directly responsible for the daily operations of the region to include: Budget maintenance; training; review of casework and quality assurance; dissemination of information regarding agency, state and federal policy, regulations and compliance standards; completion of performance appraisals; hiring and terminating of staff. Additional duties include, communication with internal and external partners in both oral and written form and participation and representation to various committees and councils as assigned by the Administrator and Governor.
July 1994 to December 2006. Vocational Rehabilitation Counselor.

**Employment Duties:** Assisted individuals with disabilities to return to work. Specialized in a caseload serving individuals with chronic mental illness for eight years and a general caseload serving all disabilities for four years. Determined individuals eligible for Vocational Rehabilitation services through the comprehensive assessment of relevant medical information relating to the individuals’ disability as well as previous work history. Provided substantial vocational guidance and counseling to determine appropriate vocational goals. Coordinated and implemented a wide range of rehabilitation and case management services including: Vocational assessments, vocational planning and development of individual plans for employment, review of psychometric tests relevant to interest, aptitude, abilities, functional capacities and transferable skills of the individual. Coordination of community services to support vocational plans to include: the medical community, therapist, case managers, community rehabilitation services and direct employer contact. Responsible for ongoing documentation of caseload as well as the authorization and payment of services. Served as Assistant Regional Manager from 1999 to 2001; and 2005 to April 2006.

**ACCOMPLISHMENTS:**

- Agency Representative- Consortium of Idahoans with Disabilities. Fall 2007 to Fall 2011.
- Ex-Officio Representative for the Idaho Division of Vocational Rehabilitation - State Rehabilitation Council. Governor Appointed. June 2005 to December 2006.
- Board Member, City of Boise, Department of Park and Recreation. 1995 to 2000.
- Committee Advisor for the City of Boise, Department of Park and Recreation, Adventure Program specializing in recreation programs for individuals with disabilities.
- Counselor of the Year for Individuals with Chronic Mental Illness. 1996 and 1997.
SUBJECT
Idaho Indian Education Committee Update

REFERENCE
February 2014 The Board received an update on committee progress and activities.

APPLICABLE STATUTE, RULE, OR POLICY
Idaho State Board of Education Governing Policies and Procedures, I.P. Idaho Indian Education Committee

BACKGROUND/DISCUSSION
Last year, the State Board of Education formally established the Idaho Indian Education Committee through Board Policy I.P; it serves as an advisory committee to the State Board of Education and the State Superintendent of Public Instruction on educational issues and how they affect Idaho’s Native American student population, and also serves as a link between Idaho’s Native American.

The committee recently partnered with the University of Idaho, McClure Center for Public Policy Research & Office of Community Partnerships to develop an Idaho At-A-Glance pamphlet specific to Native American education, similar to what was produced in collaboration with the University of Idaho and the Idaho Commission on Hispanic Affairs. The brochure “focuses on Native American students’ enrollment, academic achievement, postsecondary education, and educational attainment”. The brochure also highlights some of the many education efforts of Idaho’s tribes.

At their March and September meetings, the committee held considerable discussion regarding the brochure findings, cultural sensitivity and cultural awareness issues in the public school system and the impacts to Native American students. Committee representatives will provide a presentation of the four school districts with the highest American Indian student population highlighting the gaps of academic achievement for Native American students compared to their educational peers, including go-on rates, identified barriers, and how the committee and the Board can collaboratively work together to address these issues.

The Committee will also briefly report on the Indian Education Summit held this summer. The summit was held June 10-11, 2014 at Lewis-Clark State College in Lewiston, Idaho. The Committee secured RunningHorse Livingston as a keynote speaker. Mr. Livingston is a nationally recognized teacher trainer and coach who assists public, tribal, and charter schools in the implementation of culturally responsive pedagogy. The summit was a success due to the collaborative efforts of the tribes, postsecondary institutions and the State Department of Education’s Office of Indian Education. The Committee plans to continue this effort on an
ongoing basis. The planning committee has already started working on coordinating the next summit which will be held in Boise on June 10-11, 2015. The keynote speaker will be Dr. Margaret Kovach from the University of Saskatchewan. She is the author of “Indigenous Methodologies: Characteristics, Conversations, and Contexts.”

IMPACT
This presentation will help to provide the Board with background information on issues that uniquely affect Native American students in Idaho and provide a context for future recommendations from the committee.

ATTACHMENTS
Attachment 1- Indian Education in Idaho

STAFF COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS
The Indian Education Committee is responsible, in part, for making recommendations to the Board and Department for educational policy as it relates to American Indian student access, retention, graduation, and achievement. Recommendations of the committee will be brought forward to the Board for consideration at a future date.

BOARD ACTION
This item is for information purposes. Any action will be at the Board’s discretion.
Indian Education in Idaho

The mission of the Idaho Indian Education Committee is to create the conditions for and support of the efforts in raising the bar and eliminating the gap of academic achievement for Idaho’s American Indian students K-20.
Idaho Indian Education Committee Members

**Chair**
Mr. Bob Sobotta

**Vice Chair**
Dr. Chris Meyer

**Tribal Chair/Designee (5) & K-12 Representatives (5)**
- Coeur d’Alene Tribe: Dr. Chris Meyer/Kathy Albin
- Kootenai Tribe: Jennifer Porter
- Nez Perce Tribe: Joyce McFarland/Bill Picard
- Shoshone-Bannock Tribe: Mitzi Sabori/Claudia Washakie
- Shoshone-Paiute Tribe: Pete Putra/Shana Thomas

**BIE School Representatives (2)**
- Shoshone-Bannock Jr/Sr High School: Eric Lords, Supt.
- Coeur d’Alene Tribal School: Eric Kendra, Supt.

**Four-Year College/University Representatives (4)**
- Boise State University: Jim Anderson
- Idaho State University: Selena Grace
- Lewis & Clark State College: Bob Sobotta, Jr.
- University of Idaho: Dr. Yolanda Bisbee

**Two-Year College Representatives (4)**
- College of Southern Idaho: Dani Hansing
- College of Western Idaho: Lori Manzanares
- Eastern ID Tech. College: Jared Gardner
- North Idaho College: Evanlene Melting-Tallow

**State Board of Education** – Dr. Bill Goesling

**Office of the State Board of Education** – Dr. Chris Mathias

**Committee Support**
Johanna Jones, SDE and Patty Sanchez, OSBE
**District #55**
Blackfoot High School
Independence HS
Blackfoot 6th Grade
Ft. Hall Elementary

**District #25**
Highland High School
Pocatello High School
Irving Middle School
Tyhee Elementary

**District #44**
Lakeside High School
Lakeside Middle School
Lakeside Elementary

**District #341**
Lapwai High School
Lapwai Middle School
Lapwai Elementary
ISAT Reading Scores 2012-13
Spring 2013 Grades 3 & 10

3rd GRADE
• ≈ 26% of American Indian students (78/300) are not meeting proficiency status compared to ≈ 11% of all students tested (2,411/21,918).

• ≈ 74% of American Indian students (222/300) are meeting proficiency status compared to ≈ 89% of all students tested (19,507/21,918).

10th GRADE
• ≈ 24% of American Indian students (62/259) are not meeting proficiency status compared to ≈ 11% of all students tested (2,171/19,739).

• ≈ 76% of American Indian students (197/259) are meeting proficiency status compared to ≈ 89% of all students tested (17,568/19,739).

SDE Assessment & Accountability
ISAT Math Scores 2012-13
Spring 2013 Grades 3 & 10

3rd GRADE
• ≈ 27% of American Indian students (82/302) are not meeting proficiency status compared to ≈ 10% of all students tested (2,195/21,948).
• ≈ 73% of American Indian students (220/302) are meeting proficiency status compared to ≈ 90% of all students tested (19,753/21,948).

10th GRADE
• ≈ 45% of American Indian students (116/258) are not meeting proficiency status compared to ≈ 24% of all students tested (4,731/19,711).
• ≈ 55% of American Indian students (142/258) are meeting proficiency status compared to ≈ 76% of all students tested (14,980/19,711).
Idaho Composite SAT College Readiness Scores 2012-13

All students grades 10, 11, and 12 had a composite score of 23.89%.

American Indian students had a composite score of 2.76%.

I.S.E.E. Data 2013
Star Ratings of public schools located near or on Idaho reservations

Blackfoot School District 55
- Blackfoot High School: 3
- Independence Alt. HS: 1
- Blackfoot Sixth Grade: 1
- Ft. Hall Elementary: 1

Lapwai School District 341
- Lapwai High School: 1
- Lapwai Elementary: 2

Plummer-Worley School District 44
- Lakeside High School: 4
- Lakeside Middle School: 4
- Lakeside Elementary: 2

Pocatello School District 25
- Highland High School: 4
- Pocatello High School: 4
- Irving Middle School: 3
- Tyhee Elementary: 5

Red denotes Priority (1) or Focus (2) School for Improvement by Star Rating System.
American Indian Go-On Rates

2010-2011
All Students-----48% (580 enrolled/1207 graduates)
American Indian Students----31% (35 enrolled/114 graduated)

2011-2012
All Students-----49% (568 enrolled/1150 graduates)
American Indian Students----29% (32 enrolled/111 graduated)

2011-2012
All Students-----47% (526 enrolled/1113 graduates)
American Indian Students----48% (55 enrolled/115 graduated)

Enrolled is defined as total enrolled in a post-secondary institution during the first 16 months after high school graduation.

OSBE Data
Why such a disparity in the achievement gaps of our American Indian students compared to all students?
Need for culturally responsive practices and pedagogies in Indian education

- Teachers need to understand and be able to embed multiple perspectives within their teaching and utilize their cultural selves as foundations for inclusion of other cultural perspectives (Cochran-Smith & Lyte, 1992).

- Educators develop a deeper sense of cultural proficiency as they reflect, critique, dialogue, and take action (Darder 1991).
Culturally responsive education is...

- **Validating** by acknowledging the legitimacy of the cultural heritages as worthy content to be taught in the formal curriculum;

- **Comprehensive** as it teaches to the whole child;

- **Multidimensional** through the use of multiple sources of content, instruction, assessment, etc…;

- **Empowering** by allowing students to be actively engaged in their journey for academic competence;

- **Transformative** in providing for positive growth in social interactions among students from differing cultures; and

- **Emancipatory** through offering multiple ways of understanding and knowing content.

-Gay (2000)
Cultural Responsiveness requires the examination of relativity to culture and learning

- The prior experiences, backgrounds and cultural norms of our students;
- Ways to understand and use students’ experiences as important and highly valuable resources;
- How students from diverse backgrounds learn best; and
- How our own experiences, backgrounds and cultural norms (in and out of the classroom) influence or impact our work with youth.
Next Steps...

• Introduce tribal student demographics and tribal initiatives to increase student success.
• Address recruitment, retention, and graduation efforts at the postsecondary level.
• Develop a strategic plan that will address closing the achievement gap and increasing educational options for American Indian students K-20 through opportunity, access, and cultural responsiveness.
• Develop recommendations for Board consideration on:
  • Cultural responsiveness in standard teacher certification;
  • Closing the achievement gap of American Indian students; and
  • Cultural pedagogy.
“When students of color are taught with culturally responsive techniques...their academic performance improves significantly”

(National Collaborative on Diversity in the Teaching Force, 2004).
How can we work together collaboratively to close the achievement gaps of our American Indian students?
SUBJECT
Board Bylaws – First Reading

APPLICABLE STATUTE, RULE, OR POLICY
Idaho State Board of Education Governing Policies & Procedures – Bylaws

BACKGROUND/DISCUSSION
The Athletic Committee has been an ad hoc subcommittee of the Business Affairs and Human Resources (BAHR) Committee for a number of years. Absent any specific charge, the work of the committee largely depended upon the chair of the committee in any given year. This has created uncertainties among Board staff and institutions and a lack of continuity in the Committee process.

Intercollegiate athletics is a multi-million dollar business enterprise for most institutions, complicated by any number of issues including NCAA regulations, conference realignments, heightened awareness of sexual violence in intercollegiate athletics, and the arms race of coaches’ salaries.

The Association of Governing Boards (AGB) has issued several reports calling for enhanced board oversight of college athletics. Most recently, Trust, Accountability, and Integrity: Board Responsibilities for Intercollegiate Athletics (AGB 2012) “focuses on three recommendations for appropriate board engagement:

- The governing board is ultimately accountable for athletics policy and oversight and must fulfill this fiduciary responsibility.
- The board must act decisively to uphold the integrity of the athletics program and its alignment with the academic mission of the institution.
- The board must educate itself about its policy role and oversight of intercollegiate athletics.”

As such, the proposed amendment to Board Policy - Bylaws would codify the Athletics Committee as a standing subcommittee of BAHR. The Committee’s responsibilities are clearly delineated, and include but are not limited to:

- athletics director and coach contracts;
- Athletics Department operating budgets;
- Athletics Department reports on revenue, expenditures and student-athlete participation;
- Athletics Department employee compensation reports;
- institutional National Collegiate Athletics Association (NCAA) Academic Progress Rate (APR) reports;
- institutional Title IX gender equity reports;
- athletics division or conference changes; and
- institutional athletics sponsorship and media rights agreements.
IMPACT
Codifying the Athletic Committee with specific scope and responsibilities will bring clarity to the review and approval process of athletics agenda items for Board members, staff and institutions.

ATTACHMENTS
Attachment 1 – Board Policy – Bylaws, subsection F.5.
 Athletic Committee – First Reading

STAFF COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS
The Athletic Committee, as currently constituted, lacks a defined purpose and role. The absence of clear expectations and continuity from year-to-year makes it very difficult for staff to help manage the committee process and perform appropriate due diligence. Staff recommends approval.

BOARD ACTION
I move to approve the first reading of Board policy – Bylaws, adding a new subsection codifying the Boards athletic committee as submitted.

Moved by __________ Seconded by __________ Carried Yes _____ No _____
F. Committees of the Board

5. Athletics Committee

a. Purpose
The Athletics Committee is a standing advisory committee of the Board that reports through the Business Affairs and Human Resources Committee. It is responsible for developing and presenting recommendations to the Board on matters of policy and procedures concerning intercollegiate athletics.

b. Composition
The Athletics Committee is composed of two (2) or more members of the Board appointed by the president of the Board, who designates one (1) member to serve as chairperson and spokesperson of the committee, and is staffed by the Board’s Chief Fiscal Officer. The Athletics Committee may appoint a working unit or units, as necessary, to advise the committee. One such working unit shall be composed of the institutions’ Athletics Directors.

c. Responsibilities and Procedures
The Athletics Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the Board in areas including but not limited to:

i. athletics director and coach contracts;
ii. Athletics Department operating budgets;
iii. Athletics Department reports on revenue, expenditures and student-athlete participation;
iv. Athletics Department employee compensation reports;
v. institutional National Collegiate Athletics Association (NCAA) Academic Progress Rate (APR) reports;
vi. institutional Title IX gender equity reports;
vii. athletics division or conference changes; and
viii. institutional athletics sponsorship and media rights agreements;

The Athletics Committee may establish necessary procedures to carry out its responsibilities. Such procedures must be consistent with the Board’s Governing Policies and Procedures. The Board’s chief fiscal officer, under the direction of the chairperson, prepares the Athletics Committee work for the Business Affairs and Human Resources Committee agenda that is under consideration at each meeting of the Board.
DIVISION OF PROFESSIONAL-TECHNICAL EDUCATION

SUBJECT
Board Policy IV.E. Professional-Technical Education – Second Reading

REFERENCE
August 2014
Board approved proposed rules Docket 55-0104-1401, program standards, and first reading of Board Policy IV.E.

APPLICABLE STATUTE, RULE, OR POLICY
Idaho State Board of Education Governing Policies & Procedures, Section IV.E.2. Section 33-1629, Idaho Code

BACKGROUND/DISCUSSION
The Idaho Legislature enacted Section 33-1629, Idaho code, Agricultural and Natural Resource Education Programs during the 2014 session. The purpose of this section is to establish (1) Idaho Quality Program Standards Incentive Grants, and (2) Agricultural Education Program Start-Up Grants. In addition to the grant Section 33-1629, Idaho Code also requires the Board to establish Agricultural Education Quality Program Standards.

In conjunction with the administrative rulemaking process required to establish the incentive and start-up grants the Division of Professional-Technical Education (PTE) worked with various stakeholder groups to create the applicable standards. PTE presented these standards to the Board at the August Board meeting for approval along with the first reading of Board Policy IV.E. Professional-Technical Education, incorporating the approved standards into Board policy by reference.

IMPACT
Implementation of the Idaho Quality Programs Standards Incentive Grants and Agricultural Education Program Start-Up Grants

ATTACHMENTS
Attachment 1 – Board Policy IV.E. – Division of Professional-Technical Education -2nd Reading
Attachment 2 – Agricultural Education Quality Program Standards

STAFF COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS
The Board office received no comments concerning the proposed change to Board policy, there have been no amendments between the first and second reading. The proposed rule will come back to the Board for consideration at the conclusion of the 21 day public comment period.

Staff recommends approval.
BOARD ACTION

I move to approve the second reading of amendments to Board Policy IV.E. Division of Professional-Technical Education, incorporating the Idaho Agricultural Education Quality Program Standards approved, August 2014, by reference as submitted in Attachment 1.

Moved by __________ Seconded by __________ Carried Yes _____ No _____
Idaho State Board of Education
GOVERNING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES
SECTION: IV. ORGANIZATION SPECIFIC POLICIES AND PROCEDURES
Subsection: E. Division of Professional-Technical Education

1. Purpose.

The Division of Professional-Technical Education provides leadership and coordination for programs in professional-technical education in various parts of the state. The general purposes are to carry out the governing policies of the Board and the applicable provisions of state and federal legislation.

2. Delegation of Authority

The Board delegates to the state administrator of professional-technical education, the chief executive officer of the statewide system, the responsibility to supervise and manage professional-technical education in Idaho. The division administrator shall report to the Board through the Executive Director. The Board has the power to name a president of Eastern Idaho Technical College who may perform such duties as delegated by the Board. For purposes of accreditation the EITC President shall be the CEO of the institution. The state administrator is responsible for the preparation and submission, through the Executive Director, of an agenda for matters related to professional-technical education for Board review and action.

3. Functions

The Professional-Technical Education Division provides statewide leadership, administration, supervision, planning, and coordination for professional-technical education activities in Idaho. The major functions include:

a. Statewide Administration: maintaining a qualified professional staff to provide statewide leadership and coordination for professional-technical education and the programs offered in accordance with applicable state and federal legislation.

b. Eastern Idaho Technical College: assist in the delivery of professional-technical programs and courses consistent with the role and mission of the college, assist the EITC President with the programmatic affairs of the college, supervise the budgetary affairs of the college as part of the professional-technical education budget, and in cooperation with the EITC president, to recommend appointment of advisory committee representatives to the State Board.

c. Supervisory and Consultative Services: providing technical assistance to local education agencies to assist in the maintenance and implementation of professional-technical education programs including support and leadership for student organizations and education equity.
d. Planning: assisting local agencies in the development of annual plans and data collection and analyzing services for the establishment of a Five-Year Plan, annual plans, and accountability reports from the local educational agencies.

e. Evaluation: conducting and coordinating professional-technical education evaluations in accordance with state and federal guidelines to monitor program activities to determine the status of program quality in relation to established standards and access.

f. Budget Preparation: preparing annual budgets and the maintenance of a statewide finance and accountability system.

g. Program and Professional Improvement: through its professional staff, initiating and coordinating research, curriculum development, and staff development statewide.

h. Management Information: collecting, analyzing, evaluating and disseminating data and program information which provides a comprehensive source of accurate, current, and easily accessible information for statewide decision making.

i. Coordination: providing liaison with related state agencies and organizations, the State Advisory Council, business and industry, and community-based organizations.

4. Organization.

The programs and services of the state division are organized into two (2) broad segments: (a) Regular Occupational Programs and (b) Special Programs and Support Services.

a. Regular Occupational Programs are programs designed to prepare students at the secondary and postsecondary levels with the skills, knowledge, attitudes, and habits necessary for entry-level employment in recognized occupations in Idaho, the Northwest, and nationally. These programs also provide the supplemental training to upgrade the skills of those citizens of Idaho who are currently employed. Regular programs include: (1) Agriculture; (2) Marketing and Multi-Occupations; (3) Health Occupations; (4) Industrial Arts; (5) Home Economics; (6) Business and Office; and (7) Trade and Technical. A program specialist is employed in each program area to provide leadership and technical assistance to local education agencies.

b. Special Programs and Support Services are special programs designed to serve students in Consumer Home Economics, Special Needs, and other program activities not considered occupational in nature. These Special Programs include: (1) Consumer and Homemaking Education; (2) Pre-professional-technical
Education; and (3) Special Needs - Disadvantaged and Handicapped. In addition, support services are provided in the areas of Education Equity; Program Improvement (to include Curriculum Development, Research, and Personnel Development); professional-technical Guidance; and Work Study.

Additionally, through state and federal legislation, or by contract for administration, professional-technical education supervises and manages the following programs: (1) Job Training and Partnership Act (JTPA); (2) State Occupational Information Coordinating Committee (SOICC); (3) the Displaced Homemaker Program; and (4) Fire Service Training; and, from time to time, other professional-technical training programs as appropriate.

5. Program Delivery

Professional-Technical Education Programs are made available at three (3) levels in Idaho -- secondary, postsecondary, and adult.

a. Secondary Programs: All participating high school districts and several joint district professional-technical education programs.

b. Postsecondary Programs: Through the state system of six (6) area professional-technical schools. The area schools are:

i. College of Western Idaho (Nampa)

ii. College of Southern Idaho Professional-Technical School (Twin Falls)

iii. Eastern Idaho Technical College (Idaho Falls)

iv. Idaho State University Professional-Technical School (Pocatello)

v. Lewis-Clark State College School of Technology (Lewiston)

vi. North Idaho College Professional-Technical School (Coeur d'Alene)

c. Adult Programs: Primarily through the six (6) area professional-technical schools to provide upgrading and retraining programs for persons in the work force. Some classes are offered by Idaho public high schools. These offerings range from brief seminar classes to intensive courses which normally are less than 500 hours of annual instruction.

d. The Idaho Agricultural Education Quality Program Standards shall be used to evaluate the quality of Agricultural and Natural Resource education programs. The Idaho Agricultural Education Quality Program Standards as approved August 14, 2014 are adopted and incorporated by reference into this policy.
standards may be found the Division of Professional-Technical Website at http://pte.idaho.gov.

6. Internal Policies and Procedures

The chief executive officer may establish additional policies and procedures for the internal management of the Division of Professional-Technical Education which complement, but do not supplant, the Governing Policies and Procedures of the Board. Such internal policies and procedures are subject to Board review and action.
Idaho Agricultural Education Quality Program Standards

This document was prepared and reviewed by representatives of:

Idaho Team Ag Ed
Idaho Division of Professional-Technical Education
Idaho Vocational Agriculture Teachers Association
Department of Agricultural Education & 4-H Youth Development, University of Idaho

INTRODUCTION
The Idaho Agricultural Education Quality Program Standards are a result of a need to provide a consistent delivery of high quality agricultural education programs across the state of Idaho focused on relevant instruction, rigorous clear goals, continuous program improvement and the development of essential skills for student success. Input from local and state leaders was sought and obtained regarding the qualities of highly successful agricultural education programs.

The Idaho Agricultural Education Quality Program Standards are designed to be used by the local instructor(s), administration, community partners and/or stakeholders, advisory council, FFA Alumni and/or an external assessment team to conduct an evaluation of the local agricultural education program and develop clear goals and objectives for program improvement. The local self-assessment or evaluation will serve as the basis for further review by the State Division of Professional-Technical Education in determining how well an agricultural education program meets the Idaho Agricultural Education Quality Program Standards.

During the 2014 sixty-second Legislative regular session, Senate Bill 1275 was passed to amend Chapter 26, Title 33 of the Idaho Code to establish provisions relating to the Idaho Quality Standards Incentive Grants and direct the State Board of Professional-Technical Education to adopt and implement the Idaho Agriculture Education Quality Program Standards.

The Idaho Agriculture Education Quality Program Standards comprise seven main areas dealing with the school based agricultural education program and the agricultural education instructor. Standards 1 – 6, address the agricultural education program and standard 7 addresses the agricultural education instructor. Each standard and standard statement is followed by a series of quality indicators which further define or assess the standard or standard statement.

Local Program Success materials found in the National FFA Local Program Resource Guide may provide additional tools, resources and information to help agricultural education programs meet the standards and standard statements in this document.
Standard 1: Program Planning, Design & Curriculum

Standard Statement:
A standards-based curriculum in Agriculture, Food & Natural Resources Systems is delivered through an integrated model that incorporates classroom and laboratory instruction, experiential learning and student leadership & personal development.

Quality Indicators:
1. The agricultural education curriculum includes: 1.) approved Ag/NR courses; 2.) course names & descriptions; 3.) course objectives/competencies; 4.) course sequences; 5.) course prerequisites; 6.) staffing assignments for all courses.

2. The Program of Study (POS) offered by the program is crosswalked/aligned to the Idaho Department of Education (SDE) academic content standards and references the Idaho Core Standards.

3. Experiential learning (SAE) is integrated throughout the instructional program.

4. Student leadership & personal development (FFA) is integrated throughout the instructional program.

5. The agricultural education program consults with an advisory board, recognized by the local board of education, with current constitution and bylaws on program planning, design and curriculum.

6. The agricultural education program provides students with “value added” components to enhance their ability to be either college or career ready.
Standard 2: Instruction & Assessment

**Standard Statement:**
Programs promote academic achievement and skill development of all students through year-round instruction using multiple methods to assess student learning that illustrates academic achievement and skill development.

**Quality Indicators:**

1. Instructional activities throughout the year are balanced between classroom & laboratory instruction, experiential learning (SAE), and leadership & personal development (FFA).

2. Course instructional outlines are documented and based upon an approved Program of Study (POS).

3. Instruction reinforces written objectives and appropriate assessments aligned to relevant and rigorous academic content and Idaho Core standards. The instructor uses multiple instructional strategies for varied student learning styles and incorporates real-life experiences to facilitate learning.

4. The instructional program uses a variety of current instructional materials, equipment, techniques, technology and community-based resources.
Standard 3: Facilities & Equipment

**Standard Statement:**

The facilities and equipment support implementation of the agricultural education program and curriculum by providing all students opportunities for the development and application of knowledge and skills. (Facilities are defined as classroom, agricultural education science laboratory, computer laboratory, wood and metal shop, greenhouse, head house, land laboratory, livestock facilities, storage areas and office).

**Quality Indicators:**

1. Facility size, layout, storage and labs provide for effective delivery of the courses offered and student enrollment.

2. Facility is clean, organized, and maintained to provide an environment conducive to learning.

3. Facility meets existing local, state, and/or federal health standards including air, temperature, water, acoustics, ventilation, light and particulate control.

4. Idaho Building Safety Inspection (IBSI) has been conducted on the facility, equipment and tools with all defective items removed, repaired, or replaced.

5. Current equipment is available and maintained and adequate consumable supplies are provided annually to deliver instruction.

6. Current technology is available, maintained, and updated to offer high quality instruction and support experiential learning and student leadership development.
Standard 4: Experiential Learning

**Standard Statement:**
Education is enhanced through active participation by all students in a year-round experiential learning program that is planned, developed and managed by the student with instruction and support by the agriculture instructor.

**Quality Indicators:**

1. All students have experiential learning programs based on career pathways/clusters/interests and agricultural education curriculum standards.

2. Continuous instruction and supervision of student experiential learning programs are provided by the agriculture instructor throughout the calendar year.

3. Students have comprehensive experiential learning programs that show evidence of continuous improvement.

4. The agricultural education program consults with an advisory board, recognized by the local board of education, with current constitution and bylaws on experiential learning.
Standard 5: Leadership Development

**Standard Statement:**
All students participate in year-round intra-curricular agricultural education student organization programs and activities.

**Quality Indicators:**

1. The FFA chapter annually plans and implements a Program of Activities (POA) and reviews and approves Chapter constitution and/or bylaws.

2. The agricultural education program students participate in FFA programs and activities and have a progressive plan for leadership and personal development.

3. The FFA chapter conducts and/or participates in local activities and events.

4. The FFA chapter participates in district, state and national activities.

5. Students who are FFA members show evidence of continuous improvement by achieving advanced degrees based on the SAE program and FFA participation.

6. The agricultural education program consults with an agricultural education advisory board, recognized by the local board of education, with current constitution and bylaws on leadership development.
Standard 6: Partnerships & Marketing

**Standard Statement:**
Key stakeholders are continually engaged, consulted and invested in the agricultural education program.

**Quality Indicators:**

1. School and community partners (School Board, Administration, agriculture advisory board, Alumni, parents, media, decision makers, agricultural industry leaders and community) are familiar with the agricultural education model (classroom, SAE and FFA), are involved in shaping and strengthening the program and promoting program accomplishments and success.

2. Agricultural education program stakeholders and supporters are recognized for their support of the agricultural education program.

3. Community volunteers (FFA Alumni or others) are organized and involved in supporting the agricultural education program.

4. The agricultural education program provides relevant data/information to key stakeholders and other entities.

5. A recruitment and retention plan is annually developed and implemented for prospective and current students.

6. Follow-up data is collected and maintained on all agriculture program graduates.
Standard 7: Certified Agricultural Education Instructor and Professional Growth

**Standard Statement:**
Competent and certified agricultural education instructor provides the core of the program.

**Quality Indicators:**
1. The agricultural education instructor has current Idaho certification to teach agriculture and has advanced training to enhance instruction in the agricultural education program.

2. The agricultural education instructor provides student instruction and supervision throughout the year in classroom & laboratory, experiential learning (SAE) and leadership & personal development (FFA).

3. The agricultural education instructor demonstrates effectiveness in quality teaching that promotes student growth.

4. The agricultural education instructor practices classroom management that maximizes time-on-task and minimizes disruptive behaviors.

5. The agricultural education instructor demonstrates effectiveness involving experiential learning (SAE) activities that promotes student growth.

6. The agricultural education instructor demonstrates effectiveness involving leadership and personal development (FFA) activities that promotes student growth.

7. The agricultural education instructor demonstrates professional growth through activities to promote knowledge of content, instructional strategies, industry practices, and instructor leadership roles.

8. The agricultural education instructor is an active member in local, state and national professional education associations.
SUBJECT
IDAPA 08.02.03.133 Reward - Waiver

REFERENCE
October 2012 Board presented with Distinguished Schools and Additional Yearly Growth Awards for 2012

APPLICABLE STATUTE, RULE, OR POLICY
Idaho Administrative code, IDAPA 08.02.03 – Section 113, Reward

BACKGROUND/DISCUSSION
Since 2007, the Board has recognized Idaho K-12 schools who meet very rigorous performance requirements.

The Distinguished Schools Award is given to the highest performing public schools within the state. For a school to receive this award they must meet the following criteria in accordance with IDAPA 08.02.03, Subsection 113:

a. Achieved a Five-Star Rating for at least two out of the last three years;
b. Received no less than a Four-Star Rating in the last three years;
c. Meet the Annual Measurable Objectives (AMOs) in all subjects for overall students and all subgroups as outlined in subsection 112.04.d.;
d. Be among the top five percent of schools in all students proficiency; and
e. Be among the top ten percent of schools in the proficiency gaps between the highest and lowest achieving subgroups and between the at-risk and not at-risk subgroups.

With the transitions between the previous version of the state achievement test and the new versions of the state achievement tests there are no student proficiency or growth scores that can be used to calculate this year’s distinguished schools as required by the rule.

IMPACT
Board approval will waive the requirement that the State Board of Education rate schools based on the criteria outlined in the administrative rule and that those schools be recognized at the annual October Board Meeting.

ATTACHMENTS
Attachment 1 – IDAPA 08.02.03.113

STAFF COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS
While Distinguished School Awards are unable to be calculated based on the formula specified in Administrative Rule this year, Board and Department staff will determine an appropriate measure and bring forward a list of Distinguished Schools for Board recognition at a later date.
BOARD ACTION

I move to waive IDAPA 08.02.03, subsection 113 Rewards for the current year.

Moved by __________ Seconded by __________ Carried Yes _____ No _____
113. REWARDS.

01. Distinguished Schools. Distinguished School Awards are designed to recognize the highest performing schools. A school shall be recognized as a “Distinguished School” based on the following criteria:
   a. Achieved a Five-Star Rating for at least two (2) out of the last three (3) years;
   b. Received no less than a Four-Star Rating in the last three years;
   c. Meet the Annual Measurable Objectives (AMOs) in all subjects for overall students and all subgroups as outlined in Subsection 112.04.d.
   d. Be among the top five percent (5%) of schools in all students proficiency; and
   e. Be among the top ten percent (10%) of schools in the proficiency gaps between the highest and lowest achieving subgroups and between the at-risk and not at-risk subgroups.

02. Determination by State Department of Education. The State Board of Education will determine the schools eligible for the Distinguished School award each year based upon the criteria outlined in Subsection 113.01. The State Department of Education will provide the list of schools meeting the specified criteria to the State Board of Education no later than August 30th of each year. The State Board of Education will recognize the schools no later than the annual October Board Meeting.
UNIVERSITY OF IDAHO

SUBJECT
Renaming the Student Union Building

APPLICABLE STATUTE, RULE, OR POLICY
Idaho State Board of Education Governing Policies and Procedures, Section I.K

BACKGROUND/DISCUSSION
Over time, many of the student-centric functions historically housed in the Student Union Building (built in 1936, with additions in 1936, 1948 and 1963) have moved to the University Commons Building (built in 2000) in the core of campus. As a result, the title of “Student Union” no longer describes the function of the building and causes confusion for new students and visitors looking for the social center of campus.

Board policy (I.K.1.a) allows for memorializing a building for a former employee on the basis of the employee’s service to education in the State of Idaho so long as the employee’s contributions rendered to the academic area to which the building is primarily devoted. We request approval to rename the Student Union Building effective January 4, 2015 in honor of a long-term University of Idaho administrator, with assurance that we will adhere to all aspects of this policy.

IMPACT
Retitling will reduce confusion for visitors and new students while honoring the dedication and hard work of this administrator whose service to the University of Idaho spans decades. We do not anticipate any financial impacts beyond the cost of new signage.

STAFF COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS
Board staff have discussed the policy requirements for memorializing a building for a former employee and find the universities request to be in compliance with Board policy.

Staff recommends approval

BOARD ACTION
I move to approve the request by the University of Idaho to rename the Student Union Build, the __________ Building.

Moved by __________ Seconded by __________ Carried Yes _____ No _____