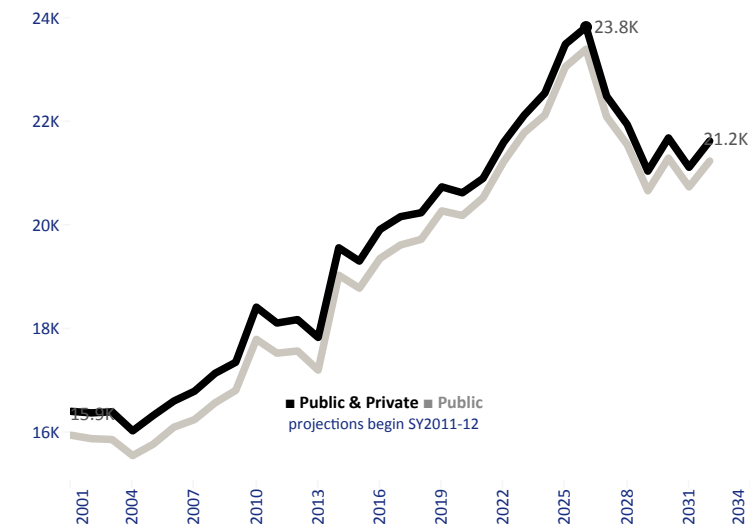




## Overall High School Graduate Trends



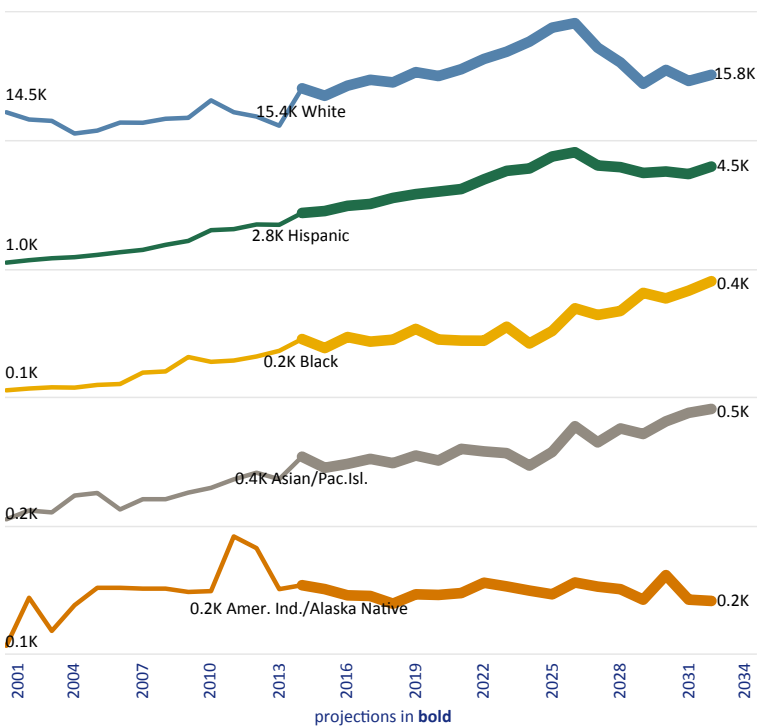
- 21,000 high school graduates, on average, projected per year between school years 2011-12 and 2031-32.

- The total number of graduates is projected to increase by 31.1% between 2011-12 and 2025-26, the next highest year for Idaho.

- Idaho generates about 2.5% of the West's total, on average



## Public School Trends



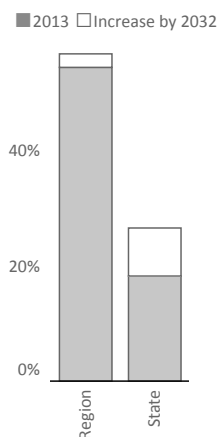
### White Graduates

- White graduates will change from 82% to 74% of public school graduates, around 1,700 more in 2031-32 than 2012-13.

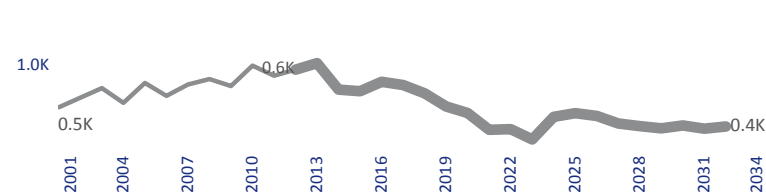
### Non-White Graduates

- Idaho high school graduates are less diverse than the West overall.

- Non-White graduates in Idaho will increase in number by around 2,600 from 2012-13 to 2031-32, and change from 18% to 26% of public high school graduates.



## Private School Trends



- Private school graduates from Idaho are projected to decrease 38% by 2031-32, around 200 fewer graduates in 2031-32 than in 2010-11 (the last confirmed year).

- Private school graduates were 3.2% of Idaho's total graduates in 2010-11, and are projected to be 1.8% of the total by 2031-32.

Notes: School Year refers to the K-12 calendar running fall to spring and may include graduates from any point in that school year, including the summer after the year end. The Grand Total is the sum of the Nonpublic Schools and Public Schools totals. The Private Schools Total includes schools not supported primarily by public funds, religious and nonsectarian, but not including homeschool students. Private Schools projections begin in school year 2011-12. The Public Schools Total will not exactly equal the sum of the races/ethnicities columns, which are projected separately. Prior to 2010-11, data were not available separately for Asian and Pacific Islander students, and Two or More Races students. Hawaiian/Pacific Islander and Two or More Races counts are displayed separately in the years they were reported for informational purposes, but are included in the race categories in the projected years. For more detailed information, see the Technical Report at <http://knocking.wiche.edu/>.  
Source: Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education, Knocking at the College Door: Projections of High School Graduates, 2016.

Few demographic indicators are available that relate precisely to the Knocking at the College Door projections, and each data source has limitations. But, several indicators of Idaho's key populations in recent years are presented below, to help users evaluate the implications of the projections.

### Academic Preparation and Achievement

National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 2015					Four-Year Graduation Rate							
Score	All 8th Graders (Average)	Above Average			Below Average	School Year	Overall	Above Average				Below Average
		White	Asian / Pac. Isl.	Black	Hispanic			White	Asian / Pac. Isl.	Black	Hispanic	Amer. Ind. / Alaska Native
Composite	276	5			-18	2012 - 13	Null					
Math	284	4			-20	2013 - 14	77%	2%	2%	-2%	-7%	-21%
Reading	269	4			-16	2014 - 15	79%	2%	5%	-4%	-8%	-13%

Source: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics (NCES), *National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 2015 Mathematics and Reading Assessments*, 8th graders tested in 2015, scale of 0 to 500. NAEP Data Explorer, <http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/naepdata/>. WICHE calculations of simple average composite scores.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, NCES, *EDFacts, Adjusted Cohort Graduation Rate (ACGR)*, <https://www2.ed.gov/about/intits/ed/edfacts/index.html>. Two or more races students are in the Overall rate but not in any race or ethnicity group.

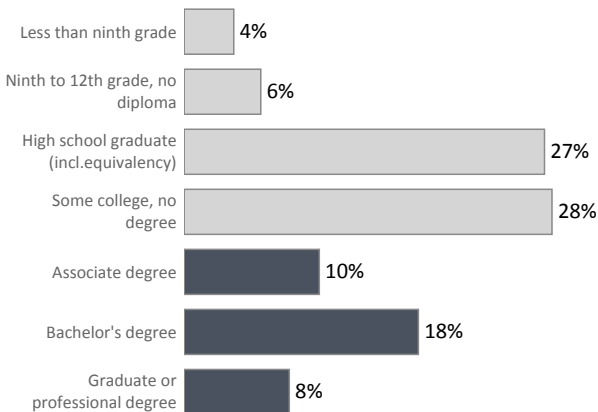
### Funding per Pupil, Public Schools

FY 2013: \$6,761

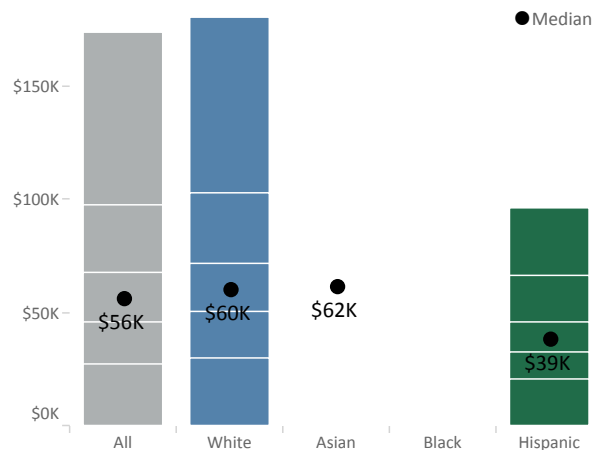
FY 2014: \$6,527

Source: U.S. Department of Education, NCES, *Revenues and Expenditures for Public Elementary and Secondary Education*, FY2013, NCES 2015-301, Table 4, <http://nces.ed.gov/pubs2015/2015301.pdf> and FY2014, NCES 2016-303, Table 2, <https://nces.ed.gov/pubs2016/2016303.pdf>. Current dollars. Figures include pre-K and kindergarten.

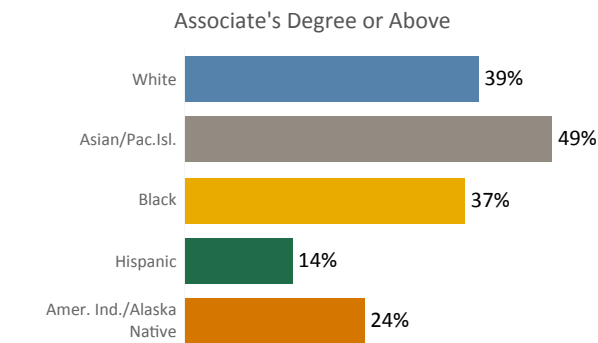
### Educational Attainment, Adults 25-64 y.o., 2014



### Income, Households with Children 0-17 y.o., 2014



WICHE calculations from U.S. Census Bureau, 2010-14 American Community Survey (ACS) Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) File. Average annual household income for households with children ages 0-17, by race/ethnicity of responding householder. Each bar segment indicates income limits for 20 percent of the population (quintiles) for 0 to 95th percentiles. Estimates not shown if coefficients of variation are over 25 percent or sample size is less than 50.



Source Lumina Foundation, *Stronger Nation*, 2016, <https://www.luminafoundation.org/>. Average annual percent of population ages 25-64 by education level, or Associate's degree or higher, in 2012-14.

### Average Tuition & Fees, 2016-17

4-Year College: \$7,010

2-Year College: \$4,025

Source: The College Board, *Trends in College Pricing 2016*, Table 5 Average Published Tuition and Fees by State, from <https://trends.collegeboard.org/college-pricing>, 2016 dollars.

Note: Data for American Indian/Alaska Native and Two or More Races categories are not charted here due to frequent limitations with reliability in the estimate. Estimates for some other small populations are also not presented for that reason. Data and source information for these estimates are available in the datasets at <http://knocking.wiche.edu/data>.