Idaho Potato Certification Standards (rev. 7/13/2016-1/16/18)

Land Requirements:

- A. A field will not be eligible to produce certified seed potatoes if Root-Knot Nematode has been proven to exist in the field or in potatoes grown in that field.
- B. A field will not be eligible to produce certified seed potatoes if noncertified potatoes or potatoes that have been confirmed to be Bacterial Ring Rot infected by a laboratory test were grown in this field the previous two growing seasons.
- C. A field must have been farmed with a crop other than potatoes immediately following the growing season in which potatoes were disqualified for Bacterial Ring Rot.

Isolation Requirements:

- A. Potatoes entered for certification must be planted at least 20 feet from potatoes not entered for certification.
- B. Seed lots must be separated from each other by at least one row left unplanted or planted to some other crop.

Field Requirements:

- A. Two inspections shall be made for each field entered.
- B. Field Inspection tolerances for 1st and 2nd Inspections

Table 1 - Percentages allowed for 1st inspection¹

Factor ²	Generation (Field Year)					
	<mark>Nuclear</mark> FY1	<mark>Gen 1</mark> FY2	<mark>Gen 2</mark> FY3	<mark>Gen 3</mark> FY4	<mark>Gen 4</mark> FY5	<mark>Gen 5/6</mark> FY6/7
Varietal mixture	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.10	0.25	0.50
Well defined Mosaic	0.00	0.00	0.5	1.00	1.50	2.00
Potato Leafroll	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.05	0.10	0.20
Blackleg ³	0.00	0.10	0.50	1.00	2.00	4
PVX	0.00	0.50	2.00			
Total Virus ⁵						2.00

Incorporated by Refrerence Standards						
Table 2 - Percentages allowed for 2nd inspection ¹						
Factor ²	Generation (Field Year)					
	<mark>Nuclear</mark> FY1	<mark>Gen 1</mark> FY2	Gen 2 FY3	<mark>Gen 3</mark> FY4	<mark>Gen 4</mark> FY5	<mark>Gen 5/6</mark> FY6/7
Varietal mixture	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.05	0.10	0.20
Well defined Mosaic	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.50	0.75	1.00
Potato Leafroll	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.08	0.20
Blackleg ³	0.00	0.10	0.50	1.00	2.00	4
Total Virus ⁵						1.00

¹Field inspections of $\frac{\text{Nuclear}}{\text{FY1}}$ and $\frac{\text{Generation 1}}{\text{FY2}}$ seed lots are advisory and all factors are required to be rogued when found in order to maintain the tolerance of 0.00%.

²Some diseases may be present in a seed potato lot and not exhibit symptom expression in plants or tubers at the time of a regular inspection.

³Determination of blackleg disease is based on a visual plant symptom of an inky black stem originating from the seed tuber. Visible blackleg has no tolerance in Generations 5 and 6 FY6 and FY7 and therefore is not a disqualification factor.

⁴Visible blackleg will not be a disqualification factor in G5 or G6 FY6 or FY7.

⁵Total is the combined percentage of potato leafroll, calico, well defined mosaic and all other viral, viroid and phytoplasmas (including Candidatus Liberibacter). This does not include Potato Virus X (PVX).

Seed Lot Disqualifying Conditions:

- 1. Seed lots or portions thereof may be disqualified for certification because of any condition that interferes with the inspection of the potato plants.
- 2. Bacterial ring rot and root-knot nematode are zero tolerance factors. Any seed lot, regardless of generation, shall be rejected from certification at any time when any of these factors is confirmed by laboratory testing.
- 3. Evidence of failure to remove daughter tubers from rogued hills.

Recertification Requirements:

- A. All contact lots on a farming operation shall be ineligible for recertification if any lot of seed on that farming operation is rejected for certification because of bacterial ring rot.
- B. Out-of-state potato stocks to be entered for certification must meet the same requirements as Idaho grown seed stocks.

- C. Seed lots with more than 0.1% Potato Leafroll Virus in either the 1st or 2nd inspection shall not be eligible for recertification.
- D. Nuclear, G1 or G2 FY1, FY2, or FY3 seed lots disqualified for certification in the post harvest test because of seed-borne chemical injury may only be recertified by the original applicant(s) during the next growing season.

Post Harvest Testing Requirements:

- A. Each seed lot must be post harvest tested. Lots, or portions thereof, which are shipped prior to post harvest testing, will be certified based on the two (2) summer field inspections and a shipping point inspection.
- B. Only seed lots that have passed the equivalent of a 2nd field inspection will be eligible for post harvest testing.
- C. Seed lots are <u>disqualified for certification</u> if seed-born chemical injury in excess of 5% is found during post harvest testing.
- D. Seed lots are not <u>eligible for recertification</u> if any of the following factors are found during post harvest testing at a percentage greater than:

Potato Leafroll Virus	0.8%
Well defined Mosaic	2.0%

Bacterial Ring Rot Testing Requirements:

A random sample of stems or tubers obtained from all seed lots entered for certification, GI FY2 or higher, shall be laboratory tested for bacterial ring rot.

Pre-nuclear Production Requirements

- A. Source: Meristem culture of tubers from breeding projects or tubers from lots of Nuclear, G1 and G2 FY1, FY2, and FY3.
- B. Greenhouse Pre-nuclear crops: A minimum of two inspections shall be performed on each Pre-nuclear seed lot entered.
- C. Each of the following organisms shall be tested for in Pre-nuclear seed production: Base Cultures: Bacterial Ring Rot (Entry Level) Pectobacterium (Erwinia) spp. Potato Viruses X, Y, M, A, S Potato Leafroll Virus Potato Spindle Tuber Viroid
 Greenhouses: Bacterial Ring Rot
 - Potato Virus X, Y, A Potato Leafroll Virus

Line Selections:	Bacterial Ring Rot Pectobacterium (<u>Erwinia)</u> spp.
	Potato Virus X, Y, A
	Potato Leafroll Virus
Mother Plants:	Bacterial Ring Rot
(Stem Cuttings)	Potato Virus X, Y, A
	Potato Leafroll Virus

Entry level cultures, line selection hill units or mother plants used in stem cuttings that are found to be infected with any of the indicated organisms shall be ineligible for use in Pre-nuclear seed production. Units or lots in greenhouse production found to be infected with any of the indicated organisms shall be downgraded to the next generation for which the seed lot does not exceed the generation tolerance of the organism that causes the certification factor (e.g. *Pectobacterium* (*Erwinia*) spp. is a causal agent for blackleg).

- D. Clonal Line Selections:
 - 1. One tuber from each plant selected shall be submitted to ICIA for laboratory testing.
 - 2. Nuclear <u>FY1</u> plots planted from clonal line selections shall be planted in hill units.
 - 3. All seed in a clonal line selection plot automatically advances to **G1** <u>FY2</u> the following season except for those hills selected for clonal selections.

Storage Inspection Requirements:

- A. Storage inspection will be conducted on all storages containing seed potatoes eligible for certification.
- B. Storages where sprout nip or similar materials were used the previous season are not eligible to store seed potatoes eligible for certification.
- C. Seed potatoes must not be stored, graded or handled in storage warehouses or subdivisions thereof in which potatoes that have not been field inspected, or are laboratory confirmed to have Bacterial Ring Rot, Root-Knot Nematode or Corky Ring Spot are stored or handled.
- D. For a seed lot to remain eligible for certification, seed lot identity must be maintained in storage.

Shipping Point Inspection Grade Requirements:

A. Idaho Certified Blue Tag Seed Potatoes

The blue tag shall be equivalent to U.S. No. 1 seed potato grade with the following exceptions. There is a 1% tolerance for late blight.

- 1. Scab shall not cover more than one-fifth of the surface area.
- 2. Adhering dirt a maximum of 50% of the tuber surface may be covered with caked dirt.
- 3. Loose dirt and/or foreign material included in total external tolerance.
- 4. Clipping or trimming not allowed.
- 5. Freshly broken off second growth shall not be damaged.
- 6. Wireworm and/or grub damaged by waste.
- 7. Tolerances: For total defects 10%. Three percent (3%) for potatoes which are affected by freezing injury. One percent (1%) for potatoes which are affected by soft rot, wet breakdown or are frozen. The limitations for external and internal defects shall apply as written in the U.S. No. 1 seed potato grade.
- 6. An additional 10% may be damaged, but not seriously, by shape.
- B. Idaho Certified Green Tag Seed Potatoes

The green tag grade shall be equivalent to the U.S. No. 2 grade with the following exceptions. There is a 1% tolerance for late blight.

- 1. Maximum and minimum size shall be specified by the grower.
- 2. Wireworm and/or grub serious damage by waste. Permit an additional six percent (6%) serious damage by waste.
- 3. Scab shall not cover more than one-fifth (1/5) of the surface area.
- 4. Hollowheart no requirements.
- 5. Adhering dirt no requirements.
- 6. Loose dirt and/or foreign material included in total external tolerance.
- 7. Varietal purity not more than 0.2% of other tuber identifiable varieties.
- 8. Clipping shall not be clipped or trimmed.
- 9. Second growth shall not be seriously damaged.
- 10. Sunburn and light greening no requirements.
- 11. Appearance discoloring of tubers caused by immaturity or the

5

characteristic checking of tubers that occurs under normal conditions shall not disqualify them.

- 12. Growth cracks not to exceed a maximum of 10% serious damage.
- 13. Mechanical injury shall not be damaged by waste.
- 14. Air cracks damage by waste.
- 15. Serious damage by dry or moist type tuber rot 2%.
- 16. Sprouts no requirements.
- 17. Flattened depressed and sunken discolored areas showing no underlying flesh discoloration no requirements.
- C. Idaho Certified Yellow Tag Seed Potatoes

The yellow tag grade shall be equivalent to the U.S. No. 2 grade with the following exceptions. There is a 1% tolerance for late blight.

- 1. Maximum and minimum size shall be specified by the grower.
- 2. Wireworm and/or grub no requirements.
- 3. Scab no requirements.
- 4. Hollowheart no requirements.
- 5. Adhering dirt no requirements.
- 6. Loose dirt and/or foreign material included in total external tolerance.
- 7. Varietal purity not more than 0.2% of other tuber identifiable varieties.
- 8. Clipping shall not be clipped.
- 9. Second growth shall not be seriously damaged.
- 10. Sunburn and light greening no requirements.
- 11. Appearance no requirements except second growth.
- 12. Growth cracks no requirements.
- 13. Mechanical injury shall not be seriously damaged by waste.

14. Six percent (6%) serious damage by internal discoloration. Percentages higher than six percent (6%) allowed with Idaho Crop Improvement Association, Inc. approval if laboratory tests show the internal discoloration is not of pathogen origin.

- 15. Serious damage by dry or moist type tuber rot 2%.
- 16. External discoloration no requirements.
- 17. Flattened depressed and sunken discolored areas showing no underlying flesh discoloration no requirements.
- 18. Rhizoctonia no requirements
- 19. Sprouts no requirements.